Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Republicans, to morrow is the last day for registering. Be sure your name is on the list.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE canvass in Maine goes brisky on.

IT IS said that almost a famine prevails in the west of Ireland.

AFTER the election the Maine Greenbackers will feel awful lonesome.

THE Democrats are heaping abuse on Secretary Sherman in Ohio. He can stand it, though.

THE Republicans of Maine are sweeping everything before them. There is no mistake about it.

ENCOURAGING reports of Butler's good standing before the people come from all over the State.

LAST week Monday £68,000 in specie was withdrawn from the bank of England for shipment to New York.

POPE LEO is a success as an economizer. He is said to have reduced the expenses at the Vatican from $4,000 per month to $300.

A STEAMSHIP from England landed at New York one day last week having on board $400,000 in bars of gold. Isn't this another blow at the Ohio idea?

ACCORDING to reports Wade Hampton is in favor of Senator Bayard, of Delaware, for President. Bayard is one the best men in the Democratic rank.

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WE DON'T think that anybody who was acquainted beforehand with the state of affairs existing in Belleville, Nev., would have any desire to reside in that town. Water is one dollar a barrel there.

YELLOW FEVER still continues to spread, new cases being reported every day, although the number is not near so large as three weeks ago. Cool weather does not seem to check it to any extent.

A TRUE bill has been found by the grand jury against Charles P. Gentner, a Philadelphian, for assault and battery on John Murphy, of Harrisburg, during the riot bill bribery investigation last spring.

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THE Council of Astend has resolved to enter suit against the Paris *Figaro* for reporting Asiatic cholera in Astend. So if a man over there gets a pain in the stomach, after this, the *Figaro* will please keep mum about it.

WE DOUBT if any of the "old citizens" have any record of another such August as the one just past has been. To sleep under four or five quilts and shiver, while dressing in the morning, like a leaf fanned by the autumn breeze, is something unusual for midsummer.

NOW THAT Mrs. Chisholm is determined to appear as a witness against the assassins of her husband, in Mississippi, the Democratic press of the North, which has been applauding the dark deeds of its cut-throat southern allies, has suddenly become silent. It probably thinks it best to await results in court before it does any further cheering.

"What Does It Mean?"

The *Watchman* in an editorial last week under the above heading, calls to account Chairman Fortney in rather a forcible manner. It charges Chairman Fortney with criminal negligence in the discharge of his duties; that he has done nothing toward looking after the registration of voters; that he has issued no call for a meeting of the Democratic Committee to arrange for holding delegate elections as the rules of the party require, and that although it is only nine days until the time for holding delegate elections, yet the Democratic voters have not in any way been notified of the fact.

The *Watchman* further says: "There is no reason or no excuse for it, and why the chairman is so *openly* and *persistently* neglecting his duties is a matter as we said before, we cannot understand."

D. F. Fortney, Esq., chairman of the Democratic party of Centre county, stand up and answer the charges preferred against you by your party-organ. If you are not disposed to obey the rules of the party, as interpreted by the *Watchman*, and discharge your duties as chairman so as to meet the *Watchman's* approval, you had better step down and out. Probably the *Watchman* has shot its broadside at the chairman most too previous. Had the *Watchman* editor, before discharging his fusilade, read the columns of the Centre *Democrat* of last week, his cotemporary and confrere, he would have seen Chairman Fortney's call for delegate elections, and the meeting of the county convention. The chairman fixes the time for the delegate elections Saturday, September 13th, while the *Watchman* fixes the time for the elections on Saturday, September 6th. It is hardly to be presumed that the editors of the *Watchman* did not see the call of Chairman Fortney in the *Democrat*. If they did see it then why utterly ignore it, and assert no notice had been given? Does the *Watchman* ignore the Centre *Democrat* as being a Democratic paper? Or does the *Watchman* assume that the *Democrat* has so few Democratic readers that a notice published in it by Chairman Fortney is no notice at all to the Democratic voters of Centre county? Or is the *Watchman* just a little up on its ear because Chairman Fortney, in publishing his notice of delegate elections and call for the meeting of the county convention, utterly ignored the *Watchman*, and published it in the Centre *Democrat*, a paper controlled by the Curtin wing of the Centre county democracy, and of which wing the chairman is a member?

These are rather important inquiries, in which the public generally are interested.

Will the *Watchman* enlighten the public?

BEDFORD, MASS., a thrifty little town of about eight hundred inhabitants, amidst whose fertile meadows and genial people it was our pleasure to dwell for seven years, celebrated the Sesqui-Centennial Anniversary of its incorporation on Wednesday of last week. The principal features of the day were an imposing street procession, a grand and sumptuous dinner, historical addresses and speech-making, concluded with a display of fire-works in the evening. Geo. Talbot, ex-Gov. Rice, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Rev. J. F. Stearns, D. D., of Newark, N. J., and other distinguished personages were present and took part in the exercises. It was a gala day for Bedford, the proceedings of which will form an interesting chapter in the history of the town.

THE Chinese Government is about to adopt measures to keep its people at home, a move which will be appreciated by at least two-thirds of the American people.

THE Chicago *Inter-Ocean* calls Gen. Butler "the cross-eyed man of destiny." It is now in order for the General to say something back.

A Puzzle.

The *Watchman* in its issue of the 22d of August, gloats over the fact that it asked us why the Federal Government, if it be a nation, was not named the "National Government of America in place of the United States of America?" We thought we had answered the inquiry, and think the *Watchman* so considered it, as in its editorial entitled "The Nation," week before last it says: "As far as the mere term 'Nation' is concerned, we care but little." Now, if the *Watchman* don't care about the term nation, what difference is it whether the United States be called the National Government of America or not? If, according to the *Watchman* of week before last, there is nothing in the term "nation," then it seems to be rather paradoxical on the part of the astute editor of that sheet, to assume that our fore-fathers did not intend us to be a nation, else they would have called us a nation.

The difference between the Democratic party and the Republican party is this: The Republican party claims that the general government of the United States is a nation, and as such has the power to protect itself against both foreign and domestic foes, and to preserve and maintain its existence and the the union of the States inviolate. The Democratic party claims the right of secession, and that any State can nullify the laws of Congress which the State deems inimical to its interests, and that it can sever its relation to the general government at will, and that the general government does not possess the power and the right to prevent. The one is the Republican and National idea. The other is the Democratic and the anti-National idea.

But the *Watchman*, in its superior wisdom, asks us what would become of the United State Senate if, for a period of six years, the States as States, should refuse to elect Senators! Why didn't you ask us what would become of the world if the sun should refuse to shine for six years? or what would become of the editors of the *Watchman* if they were to commit suicide? If no Senators were elected there probably would be no Senate. If the people of the United States would all make up their mind to destroy or change our form of government into a slavocracy, they could probably do it. But so long as men exist, and as long as they exist as Democrats, the profound and puzzling question about United States Senators will never require an answer. There will never be any danger of the general government being called upon to compel a State to elect United States Senators. I am quite sure there is not a Democratic State in the Union that would not rather elect four or six United States Senators than two. Ask us another!

THE Centre *Democrat*, the great reform organ, which exists on Court House subsidies, for the purpose of crowding out the *Watchman*, makes great pretensions of being in favor of honest elections, yet it stultified itself to screen a Republican official who was elected by a species of fraudulent manipulations, simply because he trains with that particular crowd. When will Mr. Wallace and his coffee-pot brigade be around to look into that little affair? He will, no doubt, find Philipsburg a familiar as well as a congenial soil to ventilate what he knows about fraud in elections, and the editors of the *Democrat* can, if they will, render him valuable assistance, as well as show their consistency by hunting up real fraud.

THIS from the Boston *Herald*, which supported Tilden: "The result of the Democratic policy has been the consolidation of the Republican party, many independent voters returning to it either because of the moderate policy of the administration or because of distrust for the Democrats."

Chairman Miller.

Elsewhere will be found an important article from the *Press* embodying an extract from the address of Mr. George W. Miller, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

George is a wonderful phenomenon in his way, and we feel quite sure if he had have turned his attention to the resurrection of Stewart's remains, he would now be in possession of more money than his party is willing to credit him for his pains in reviving a subject that long ago sank out of existence to the great satisfaction of the plundered tax-payers of this great commonwealth. As soon as the Democratic officials lost their hold on the revenues arrising from the canal tolls, they were no longer able to control the elections of our State, and from that day to this, the indebtedness incurred by Democrats has been decreasing by means of Republican economy. It is not necessary for us to dwell upon this subject. The farmers well know that every farm, during the existence of the canals under State control, was taxed to keep the canal commissioners in funds. As soon as the canals were sold, the law taxing farms was repealed by a Republican Legislature. We advise Mr. Miller to take some other ruse, as the farm tax-payers will not bite at this bait.

THE Democrats loudly assert that Secretary Sherman has been using official envelopes in transporting his speeches over the country, thereby defrauding the Government. Let them organize a committee and send it out on a hunt, and when it overtakes one of these envelopes containing one of the Secretary's speeches, it will be time enough for them to howl. In the meantime the party leaders can invent something else to shriek about.

A GREENBACK ignoramus up in Maine got himself into a tight box the other day while delivering a speech at Gardner. Said he: "I'm so confident that resumption is a failure that I will give $100 to the man who will show me one instance of a manufacturer paying his hands in gold." Thereupon a manufacturer got up and said that he had paid his hands in gold for three months. We don't imagine he spoke very long after that.

THE heavy rains in England, during the early part of last week did a great deal of damage to crops. Gloomy reports also come from Scotland. Not even half crops will be realized. Experienced ones are of the opinion that a general failure of the ceral crops of the United Kingdom this season will be attended with serious political as well as financial consequences.

IT IS probable that the great Lick observatory, to be erected in California, will be located in Santa Clara county. Prof. Burnham, the eminent astronomer, has gone to California to select a site. It will be one of the largest observatories in the country, and from its favorable position scientists claim that it will be of great service in explor ng the heavenly bodies.

FINANCIAL authorities in England predict a very heavy balance in favor of America for some time to come, and place the amount of gold which will come over to us as high as $9,700,000. It will trouble Democratic stump speakers to get any material out of that kind of talk.

REPUBLICAN success in Maine is so generally conceded that the attention of the party is turning towards candidates for the United States Senatorship. Senator Hamlin having withdrawn the contest lies between Messrs. Hale, Frye and Reed.

THE Sprague-Conkling affair has burst out afresh. Notwithstanding Mr. Sprague had his wife watched, she succeeded in leaving the house, with three children, and left no trace behind.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

Aug. 28, 1879.

There is a revolution coming in Northern politics. There are men, not Republicans, who now realize the folly of the South in repelling all advances made by the North toward the establishment of kindly feeling between the two sections, and so acting as to prevent mutual goodwill for years. It is a fact that the Southern people have repelled a tide of emigration from the North that would have given that section abundant capital for the development of its almost unlimited natural resources, and would have supplied them with an abundance of better labor than they have ever known, and which capital and labor would not only have developed their agricultural resources, but would have established manufactures, opened their minds, built railroads, covered their broad rivers with the white wings of commerce, and done all those things necessary to make that section rich and independent, as the Southern people themselves cannot make it. Instead of welcoming such emigration they have repelled it by persecution, extending in many cases to arson and murder, and have, by armed organizations, prevented the exercise of any political rights except such as could be exercised within the organization of the Democratic party. This, I say, is bringing about a political revolution in the North.

We hear of it every day from Maine, from Ohio and from every other State whose coming election has begun to attract attention. The North will be as "solid" this fall for individual rights as the South is for their suppression.

Democrats in Ohio now concede the election of Foster, and are making a desperate effort to carry the Legislature so as to re-elect Thurman to the Senate. The arrangement of the senatorial and representative districts is such that they might accomplish this with a majority of 25,000 against them in the State. But Foster's majority will exceed those figures, and the Republicans are too active and vigilant to be beaten in the Legislature by any sort of combination.

There were ten deaths from yellow fever in Memphis yesterday, and twenty-two new cases, according to the National Board of Health's report. PHIL.

SENATOR BLAINE is taking a very active part in the canvass in Maine. He recently traveled 180 miles in one day, attracted an audience of 4,000 people in a small country town, mostly made up of his opponents, and held their attention for two hours. Such performances as this, from a man like Blaine, is worrying the Greenbackers almost to pieces.

GRAIN reports from Great Britain are to the effect that the crop will be one-third less than the average, amounting to a loss of $121,250,000 to the farmers. The failure in the potato, bean, pea and rye crops is estimated at a loss to cultivators of $87,300,000.

THE New York Republican State Convention meets at Saratoga today, to nominate a candidate for Governor. From all accounts it seems probable that Cornell will lead all his competitors, and receive the nomination on the first ballot.

THE Democrats are still hurling mud at Secretary Sherman, but the Secretary only smiles and continues to pour hot shot into the Democratic camp. It makes the Democrats awful mad to think they cannot hit him.

WILLIAM H. KEMBLE has entered bail, at Harrisburg, to the amount of $4,000, for his appearance at the November term of court, to answer the charge of corrupt solicitation of of legislators and perjury.

Reports from all parts of the State indicate an unusually dull summer in building enterprises.

Republicans, to-morrow is the last day for registering. See to it that your name is on the list.

Newspaper Jottings.

—The *Express* is the name of a new paper recently started in Pittsburgh.

—Just because the editor of a greenback journal in Maine sold out to the Republican party, the Bangor *Commercial* calls him "a little Judas for a cent."

—"It bitteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder," when the adder editor gets through adding up the amounts due from his subscribers!"—*Ex.*

—The Danbury *News* says: "Those Bridgeport, Conn., papers are never serious. A city woman having dislocated her jaw, the papers say 'her husband was greatly alarmed.'"

—Two hundred Ohio editors have gone on an excursion to Colorado, and the weary citizens now get a little relief from the ordinary mammoth doses of politics.—*Exchange.*

—Miss Callsta Halsey's novel, "Two of Us," is out, and proves pungent and pleasant, as well as instructive. Her editorial writing is a leading feature of the Washington *Post.*

—A hint to paragraphers: How to prevent having your jokes stolen. Don't make any.—*Norristown Herald.* Why don't you follow your own advice?—*New Haven Register.*

—The *Washerwoman's Advocate*, of St. Louis, has for its motto a line from Tennyson, viz: "Ring out wild belles!" Let us soap that it will circulate from pole to pole.—*Norristown Herald.*

—There is many a cowslip twixt the buttercup and tulip.—*Whitehall Times.* That's old. Why don't you say, "there is many a slip twixt a little buttercup and two lips."—*Exchange.*

—The firm of S. A. George & Co., electrotypers and printers, of Philadelphia, has been disolved by the withdrawal of Mr. S. A. George. Ferguson Bros., & Co. continue the business.

—The Norristown *Herald* states that Earl Marble, editor of *American Punch*, is a lineal descendant of a brother of James II, who fled to Ireland, leaving large estates in Scotland.

—Mr. J. H. Fletcher, editor of the *Island Argus*, Charlottetown, P. E. I. recently resigned that position and left for Colorado. His brother, C. P. Fletcher, takes the place thus left vacant.

—The libel suit brought by T. E. Billard against T. H. M. McCain, of the Crawfordville, Ind., *Journal*, for $40,000 damages, has been tried and resulted in a verdict for plaintiff of one cent.

—F. C. Lawrence, a student of Cornell, who is spending his vacation in Minneapolis, Minn., has been fortunate in obtaining the "sit" as traveling correspondent for the *Tourist and Sportsman.*

"Brick" Pomeroy having left Chicago for La Crosse, Wis., where he started the *Democrat*, his "boss Engraver," Mr. John Halpin, left him and joined the staff of a large job office in Chicago.

—The first mosquito of summer has called and ordered his paper to be sent regularly until further notice.—*New York Commercial.* The Hum Journal we presume.—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

—"Our esteemed contemporaries" is the manner in which the New York *World* speaks of all its journalistic neighbors, except the *Herald*, which it calls "our bare-brained contemporary."—*Ex.*

—The Bey of Tunis has opened an Arabric printing office. The director of it is the editor of the *Raid el Tunis*, the only paper published in Tunis. Morocco's Emperor will soon "go and do likewise."

—There is a newspaper training school in England, and the way ready made editors are turned out is a caution. But they are just like ready made clothes—they never "fit."—*New Haven Register.*

—"I am haunted, daily haunted," sings the editor of the Meriden *Recorded.* As a sign of awakening to the deplorableness of his condition this is truly cheering. Let the haunting go on.—*Boston Transcript.*

Poetry.

LOVE AT SEA.

A. C. SWINBURNE.

We are in Love's land to-day;
Where shall we go?
Love, shall we start or stay,
Or sail or row?
There's many a wind and way,
And never a May but May!
We are in Love's Land to-day—
Where shall we go?

Our land-wind is the breath
Of sorrows kissed to death
And Joys that were;
Our ballast is a rose,
Our way lies where God knows,
And love knows where—
We are in Love's Land to-day.

Our seamen are fledged loves,
Our masts are bills of doves,
Our decks, fine gold:
Our ropes are dead maid's hair,
Our stores are lovers' sighs fair
And manifold—
We are in Love's Land to-day.

Where shall we land you, sweet?
On fields of strange men's feet,
Or fields near home?
Or where the fire-flowers blow,
Or where the flowers of snow
Or flowers of foam?
We are in Love's Land to-day

Land me, she says, where love
Shows out one shaft, one dove,
One heart, one hand.
—A shore like that, my dear,
Lies where no man will steer—
No maiden land.

Our Story Teller.

Mimi's Revenge.

It was the 11th of November, the Martinmas Fair, the last festival before Christmas. The little German town was filled to its remotest nook and corner with a motley, eager throng.

A heavy rain had fallen; it ceased about noon, and all went merry as a marriage bell. Trade was brisk, schnapps flowed freely, all sorts of side shows enhanced the jollity of that hour. Humblest among these was a small tent with a loud-voiced owner, who proclaimed to all and sundry the surpassing merit of the troupe. In vain! A woman with a hand-organ had stationed herself right before her door, and this blousy muse, with her shrill songs of love and murder and her rasping organ notes, proved more enticing to the peasant throng than the feats of our old man in worsted tights and his company, a boy of 10, a poodle dog and a monkey.

The boy Arthur, who also wore tights, was the old man's son. He was well versed in the grotesque antics of his trade, but his face had a pinched, worn look that told of hunger and suffering. He had eaten almost nothing to-day, his last bit of bread having been shared with the poodle and ape, his fellow gymnasts and comedians, who were dear to him as brothers.

Poor strolling players—father, son, ape and poodle! They have been many seasons together in fair weather and foul, and now their fortunes were at the lowest ebb. The old man, Hermann, had months before fallen from the tight-rope and broken his leg. A long illness followed; and when he rose from his sick bed the last kreutzer of his little hoard had gone for food and doctors' bills.

Schuft and Mimi, the poodle and the ape, had shared their master's better days. They were now his comrades in misfortune. The dog and the boy had grown up together, and the ape, who had been purchased of a Hamburg sailor for 5 thalers, had entered into the new life with the pride of a true artist. Mimi was a born comic actor and mimic; her piquant Turkish costume and her funny antics had won much applause for her and some money for her owner. Her accomplishments were many. She could ride splendidly on the poodle's back, shoot off a five-barreled revolver and do many wonderful things.

Night came on. The Hermann troupe had taken no money. They repaired sad and hungry to their inn, to their bare attic and bed of straw, with only an old soldier's cloak for a covering.

"Father, please buy me Hermann's ape and poodle," pleaded the landlord's little son, down stairs in the taproom.

"If you will manage to secure them for me I will give you 20 thalers," said a guest.

"*Done!*" returned Shaper, the host.

The next morning Hermann went down to the kitchen after a bit of food for himself and family. The landlord met him at the door, and declared that he could have nothing until he had paid the three thalers already due for three days' lodging. Hermann replied that his business had been dull through the fair, that he had no money; but he designed to give performances before the public houses to-day, and hoped to pay the reckoning upon his return at night.

"The ape and the dog remain here until you pay me," said Shaper.

Hermann begged that the two leading members of his troupe might not be taken from him, as without them he could do nothing; but the landlord was inexorable. The father and son left the inn, beggared and hopeless, while Mimi and Schuft remained behind as surety for the debt. A good breakfast was given them, and then they were shut up in an out-of-the-way room, where it was supposed they could do no mischief.

They were prisoners, but Mimi, who always looked the bright side of things, was at no loss for diversion.

She rode on Schuft's back, cutting up for her own amusement those varied pranks with which she was wont to divert the public. Schuft could see nothing at all funny in the situation; he missed his young master; he also missed the crowds and the applause which had been the very breath of life to him; he was moody and silent.

Mimi at length seated herself on the window edge. She gazed across the street, and saw a man painting the walls of a house. "I can do that, too," she thought, and she nodded her head and winked knowingly at Schuft.

After watching the painter a while she ran to the top of a clothes-press. Here the housewife had stowed away some preserved fruits. A row of bilberry jars ranged in front obstructed Mimi's view, and she threw them down. The glass jars were broken and their contents dyed the floor a deep black. If bilberries could paint a floor they also paint other things; Mimi, who had just been longing to be a painter, now found the materials ready to her hand. She jumped from the press, seized a brush that hung behind the stove, dipped it in the bilberry juice, and began to make artistic strokes over the walls.

Schuft, who had been prowling around in search of some egress, ere long found a door in the wall hidden by a curtain. He tried the knob with his forepaw; the door flew open, disclosing the state chamber, the finest room in the house.

Mimi, who had all the curiosity of her species, rushed in to examine the room. She carried the dipping brush in her right paw, and found to her horror that these walls were not painted. They were hung with white matting, white curtains were on the windows. This will never do! In ten minutes, thanks to Mimi's artistic taste and skill, and the bilberry syrup, the snowy witness of the dainty guest-chamber had taken on the hue of night and Erebus.

A white parrot with a yellow crest, who protested loudly against the sacrilege, was quickly silenced. Mimi poured a jar of bilberries over him, and threatened by a pantomime he well understood to wring his neck if he did not keep quiet. Schuft took no part in Mimi's art decoration; he was asleep on the high posted bed that stood in the shaded alcove. Mimi, still clutching the brush in her forepaw, lay down on the beautiful counterpane at his side.

Hermann and his son passed the night in a hay loft, and dreamed of their lost comrades. The subject of Schuft's and Mimi's dreams we shall never know; they were perhaps of dusky forms rising from sable bilberry jars, screeching cockatoos with black feathers, of hearth brushes endowed with life and stalking about on demoniac errands.

Morning dawned; the ape and the poodle awoke refreshed from their slumbers. Schuft gazed in terror at the Stygian blackness around him, but Mimi smiled complacently on her work, and busied herself about other matters. She had slept royally; she wondered what made the bed so soft; she must find out. She therefore made a rent in the mattress and drew out a pawful of downy feathers. It was snowing outside—the fall of snow this season, the first Mimi had ever seen. "Ah, ah! I can make it look in here just as it does out there!" she said to herself.

She threw the pawful of feathers in the air. The effect was charming; even Schuft lifted his head to wonder and admire. The feather-bed was soon robbed of half its contents, and the air within was as heavy with snowflakes as the air without.

Schuft now entered into the sport, and the fun began in earnest. He rushed in wild bounds after Mimi over tables, chairs and bureau, and threw a costly clock from the mantel. Mimi, in scampering over the keys of the piano, was so enchanted with the dulcet notes that she went to playing with four hands like a true member of the quadrumana family. Never had such accords been heard before! this indeed was Wagner music of the future. The feathers whirled lustily through the air. Schuft danced a schottische in the bilberry juice, the parrot screamed at the top of his voice, and the landlady, summoned by the frightful uproar, entered the room.

The scene was one worthy of a comic painter, but the landlady failed to see the comic aspect; she gave one piercing shriek and then swooned quietly away.

The landlord now appeared. He was first dumb with horror. When speech returned to him he shook his fist wrathfully at the two culprits, and declared that he would make short work of them if the 20 thalers were not at stake. He then seized them by the neck and thrust them into the cellar.

How gloomy it was; cold, wet earth floor, a darkness that could be felt all around! Howls and wails availed nothing. The two prisoners seated themselves on an old barrel and bemoaned their fate in silence. The landlord soon entered, bearing an empty pitcher and some bread and some water for the felons.

He filled his pitcher from a wine cask and went on his way. Mimi's eyes had grown somewhat used to the darkness of the cellar; she watched the landlord intensely while he drew the wine. As soon as he was out of sight, she stole up to the cask, licked some drops from the spigot, and found that they tasted good. She remembered that the landlord had turned the spigot, and she followed his example. The precious, golden-hued Muscated gushed forth in generous streams.

How much better this tasted than that insipid water! Schuft now came up, and the two regaled themselves like a pair of old topers, and soon became hilariously drunk. The Muscatel had all run out; Mimi tried another cask; it was not sweet enough; still another, it was Cognac, and had too pungent a flavor; the forth cask, Nordhous, she did not like; she wanted sweet wine and no other. She therefore ran about and turned all the faucets, and in a torrent, like the rush of mighty waters, streamed forth white wine and red, Nordhous, Cognac, rum, molasses, train oil and petroleum. The cellar was flooded. Schuft and Mimi sat like Noah amid the deluge, their ark of safety being a hogshead that floated serenely on the face of the waters. The hogshead, which was an old one, began to fill; they must swim or drown. So they swam; that is Schuft swam and Mimi rode. In this way they reached the cellar stairs; the upper step was not submerged, and here they sat dripping, feezing and trembling, to await their doom.

The cellar had grown strangely silent; the rushing and roaring of the unfrettered liquors had ceased, the casks floated noiselesely on their former contents.

A footfall was heard. Shaper was coming with his empty pitcher. The key turned in the lock; the two evil-doers quaked for fear.

The door opened, and Schuft made a bold spring for his life, jumping between the landlord's legs with such violence as to cause him to lose his footing and fall down the stairs. There he lay prone on the flooded cellar floor, while Schuft and Mimi made good their escape.

The dog, with the ape on his back, rushed wildly through the town, heedless of the barking of other canines and the jeers of the street gamins who followed in pursuit. They soon found themselves outside the gates and upon the public highway, the same they had passed over four days ago.

Hermann and little Arthur had gone on their way penniless and grieving for the loss of their two comrades they had no hope of seeing again. Schuft very soon scented their tracks and overtook them, with Mimi enthronged upon his back. Never was there a more joyous meeting. Man, boy, poodle and ape fell into each other's arms with transports of delight. They are still on their professional travels, and are seeing better days.

Landlord Shaper swears that never again, so long as he lives, will he barbor ape or strolling player.

All this really happened in a provincial town of Hanover in the year 1874.—*Boston Transcript.*

A Thin Dinner.

In the Ladies' Department of Taggart's Philadelphia *Times*, Mrs. Bladen—the editress—publishes the following interesting and suggestive letter from a correspondent at Easton, and we have no doubt there is more truth than poetry in what the indignant Maria relates:

"Lottie married a gentleman from your city a year ago. She is living with his family in an elegant mansion on C—— street. Everybody thought Lottie made a very ambitious match, and as her husband was an only child, it was nice for her to live with his parents. Well, we stopped in Philadelphia last week on our way home from the seashore, and, of course, I went to see Lottie. The house was grand, front white marble, and furnished elegantly. A colored man at the door took my card, and Lottie ran down to the parlor to see me, quite delighted. Lottie's mamma-in-law came down to see me, and made me stay for dinner. I didn't want to stay, but I could not refuse. The dinner table glittered with silver and glass and painted china, and the servant-man removed the covers with a great flourish. Now, what do you think they had for dinner (a five o'clock dinner, too)? First, we had two tablespoonfuls of soup apiece, in soup plates with painted butterflies on them (just about enough for a butterfly). Then Lottie's mother-in-law said:

"Shall I send you some bouille?"

"I said she might, and the bouille was nothing but the old ship of beef thatthe soup had been made out of. Then she said to the colored waiter:

"'Thomas serve the haricot.'

"And the haricot was the vegetables strained out of the soup. Then Thomas was made to remove the cloth, and serve the dessert, and Thomas placed on the table some awful-looking corn starch, which they called blanc-mange; three apples in a dish and a few old wormy nuts. None of the family took any of the nuts or apples, and I believe they were afraid to, as they were set on the table as ornaments. I excused myself as soon as possible, and ran to a restaurant to get something to eat, for I was half starved; besides this, I felt very much insulted, that such rich people should have dared to ask me to such a dinner as this. We live very plainly at home in a little, two story house, and keep but one servant, but we always have nice roast beef or chicken or ham, and two or three vegetables for dinner, and waffles or hot cakes and fruit for tea, and I know Lottie, who was accustomed to all this, is being half starved. She looks as thin as a rail. I always wondered why it was that so many rich people are thin, but now I know it, because they half starve themselves to save money to make a show and display. The mean old things! I believe they send their sons to marry fat, hearty country girls, because they think they will hold out under the starving system longer. Just publish this in the *Sunday Times*. I want those people to see it, so that they will never invite me into their house again. It makes me indignant to think that they would give me an old beef bone to eat and call it a bouille, as though I did not know any better. MARIA C——."

Increase of Crime.

The frequency of crime suggests the inquiry if life is not becoming very insecure in this country. Everywhere we hear of murders, assassinations, street fights and daring burglaries. Where the administration of justice is the most lax, there the most crime prevails. Immunity from punishment is always an incentive to evil deeds. In some of the Southern States, where leading citizens slay each other in the public streets and are not arrested, or, if tried, go scot free, it is natural that the baser classes should think similar indulgence will be extended to them when they take the law in their own hands. Why should any distinction be made between the shedders of human blood? they ask. If a gentleman in cool blood in broad daylight, in the presence of spectators, shoot down the man against whom he has a grudge, why cannot a thief kill the police officer who attempts to arrest him? If offensive killing is justifiable in one case it is justifiable in another.

In the South murder for political causes seems to be looked upon as venial. It is not of the vulgar type of ordinary murder. And yet it is the meanest and most cowardly. In most cases, when one of the "chivalry" fires on another in the crowded streets, it is without premonition and before his victim, even if he be armed, has time to defend himself. There may be some pluck necessary to face an adversary at ten paces in a duel and to fire only at the word of command, but there is none in suddenly asking a man across the street if he is armed, and before he has time to reply to blow his brains out. There may be some honor in staking your life in on exchange of shots on the dueling ground, but it is infamous to take the object of your hate at a disadvantage, and to give him no opportunity of meeting you on equal terms. When the gentlemanly cowards who thus act are hung up like common murderers a public man may walk the streets of the Southern cities in safety, but not until then. When uniformity of political opinion is enforced in this way, a reign of terror supplants the reign of law, and no man's life is secure. It is not surprising if peaceful people refuse to immigrate to lawless localities, which have become noted for their brutality, their ruffianism and their hereditary feuds. In such communities judges and juries are both alike intimidated. By their want of moral courage and their morbid sympathies they encourage other deeds of violence and still further demoralize society.

In other parts of the United States the delays which are thrown around the conviction and punishment of criminals is another cause of fresh atrocities. The chicanery of lawyers, the plea of insanity, the bad material of which juries are composed and often the partial discussion of cases of capital crime by newspapers, lead either to the escape of the guily or to inadequate penalties for their offenses. It not unoften happens that wealth guilds crime and breaks the lance of justice, while a poor culprit is not even allowed to plead extenuating motives, and is hurried through the forms of trial to the gallows. In civil cases, where the defendant has fallen from high estate, though he may have beggared thousands of widows and orphans by the betrayal of sacred trusts, his former position pleads in his favor and he escapes the punishment the widespread ruin he has brought about deserves. If he be condemned to a protracted term of imprisonment, he is set at liberty before he has fairly entered on it by the ill-abused grace of Governors and Pardon Boards. A poor wretch who under the stimulus of hunger and want robs a till or the larder of a rich man's house, is dragged before the courts, hastily tried and consigned to the longest term of imprisonment which the law allows for his offense. The law is supposed to make no distinction between those who violate it. If it does, there is one law for the rich and another for the poor, one for the influential and another for the friendless. Such inequality in the administration of justice undermines the civil authority and shakes the social fabric to its very foundation.

There is no doubt that the immense sale of alcoholic liquors, their immoderate use and their poisonously adulterated character is another fruitful cause of the most savage murders. In the lower class of rum shops liquor is sold of such villainous quality that it sets the brain on fire, inflames the passions to fury, and in a few minutes converts a reasonable being into a madman. If the drugged liquors retailed at three cents a glass in such places are analyzed they will be found to be composed of ingredients which, drank separately and in a pure state, would cause instant death. Sailors and others drinking these fiery liquids, though friends a few minutes before are converted into implacable enemies, quarrel and fight with each other, and in the heat of their passion wound or kill one another on the spot. These cheap liquors are generally sold in unlicensed groggeries, which might all be suppressed if the police did the full measure of their duty. The habitual use of ardent spirits is not safe for any one, rich or poor. It has a tendency to grow into an incurable habit and into immoderate abuse. When this takes place, the whole character of a man becomes changed. He can be no longer depended on in his business, he neglects his private affairs and he loses respect for himself and affection for his wife and children. His life will terminate either in social misery or in crime. The friends of temperance are really the best friends of order, law and morality.

Among the striking characteristics of the times is the practice of crime as a pursuit by organized bands of professionals. There are instances in which whole families are thieves, and in which criminality is hereditary. When one of this class of knaves is put on trial his friends find him a lawyer to plead in his behalf, and if he goes to jail they take care of his family outside, and try to get him pardoned or assist him to escape. At large he soon assumes his old course of life, for he never reforms. These organizations are well known to the police, and with proper energy and co-operation all over the country might be broken up. The state of things is such as to suggest the question if the moral status of the country is not seriously declining, and if more energetic effort is not needed on the part of the conservative classes to check the growing demoralization.—*Phila. Press.*

A Slumberer's Escape.

As the New York express was nearing the crossing above Steamer's Run, about nine miles from Baltimore, the engineer observed a country wagon moving slowly along the road in the direction of the rails. He blew the whistle loudly to attract the driver's attention, but all to no purpose, the old nag attached to the vehicle plodding slowly along toward the crossing.

Seeing that the animal would reach that point almost simultaneously with the train, the engineer applied the brakes, but unfortunately too late. The train was running at full speed, and passengers who had thrust their heads out of the windows to ascertain the cause of the unusual whistling held their breath in horror as they saw the locomotive dashing with relentless momentum into the ill-fated wagon. The horse was struck on the head and side, the wagon smashed to pieces, and the form of the man, who a second before occupied the driver's seat, was hurled about fifty feet away from the track as the train dashed on past the spot, with the mail car, which had jumped the track, hopping over the ends of the ties.

As soon as the speed of the locomotive, which had run about a quarter of a mile past the crossing, could be checked, the train hands went back to ascertain the extent of the damage. The head of the horse was found wedged under the truck of the baggage car, and the legs and entrails of the poor animal were scattered all along the track. He had been mangled almost to atoms. At the crossing the wagon was found completely wrecked, and not many yards away, lifting himself from the ground and rubbing his head, was the driver, whom every one on the train thought had been killed.

He was apparently not more than twenty-four years of age, and to all appearances he escaped with but very slight injuries. In answer to the many questions put to him he stated that he was returning home from market, having nothing in his wagon but some groceries and corn which his father had told him to purchase. At the time of the accident he was, he says, asleep, and did not realize what had happened until he saw the crowd coming toward him from the track. He fumed and swore like a trooper when he saw the remnants of his horse scattered about the track, and expressed a forcible desire that he, instead of his horse, had been killed.

When reproved by a passenger on the train for his swearing, the young fellow, between another volley of oaths, muttered something about having to face the ire of the old man, and then proceeded to pick up what he could of his groceries and corn. The train was delayed nearly an hour by the mishap.

The Smallest Bank Robber in the World.

It seems that the mystery surrounding a robbery committed in the First National Bank of this city many months ago was cast aside Tuesday morning. A long time ago Mr. Farnsworth, cashier in the bank, missed $1, $2 and $5 bills frequently out of a small pasteboard box he kept standing on the counter. In all there were fifteen or twenty dollars taken, and then Mr. Farnsworth removed the temptation of the mysterious bank robber by doing away with the "change box." Tuesday morning workmen were engaged in tearing down the old vault in the building formerly occupied by the Frst National, situated on the corner of Broadway and Main street, and in a hole in the inside of the vault, just above the door, they found a dead mouse lying on top of a large-sized "nest." On making an examination of the nest it was found to be constructed of small pieces of one, two and five-dollar bills. The pile was sufficiently large to cause the officers of the bank to believe that the entire fifteen or twenty dollars stolen from them were in the mouse nest, and the remains of the defaulting bank mouse together with its rather expensive nest, is on exhibition in Mr. Farnsworth's office, in the Plumber block. Not a piece of the bills as large as a silver half-dollar could be found in the pile. We believe that mouse to be the smallest bank robber in the world.—*Council Bluffs Nonpareil.*

Two gifts are offered to men in this world; they very seldom can have both. One is success, with weariness; the other is failure, with hope. The last is much the best. The man who succeeds finds that his success does not amount to a great deal: the man, who fails, but keeps his hope, is the happy man.

He that never thinks can never be wise.

A Good Joke.

John McCullough, John T. Raymond and Wm. H. Crane have been making things lively around Fourteenth street in New York. Mr. Crane arrived from Liverpool on Saturday. McCullough and Raymond met him, and they say the three found themselves Monday night in a little billiard room near the Square. They had taken in Coney Island, Brighton Beach, interviewed Corbin the Jew-killer, and returning on the cars Raymond especially distinguished himself as a practical joker. They sat in the billiard hall, weary and dusty; conversation flagged, and Raymond fell sound asleep. Then a diabolical idea entered the minds of McCullough and Crane. They would try a practical joke on John T. Upon one of the tables half a dozen balls were thrown. The gas was extinguished, leaving everybody and everything in darkness. Crane and McCullough then began to bang the balls about and shout the score they were piling up.

Bang! from Billy.

"A fine shot!" shouted McCullough. "Twenty-one!"

Bang! Bang! once more.

"Fine Carom. Twenty-five," yelled Crane.

Bang, Bang, Bang! This thing went on a few minutes, when Raymond was heard to move.

"Where are you, Billy—John—eh?" said he.

"John's just walking away with me," replied Crane.

Bang again. "Thirty-five."

"But, John—Billy—where are you?" ejaculated Raymond, with agitation in his voice.

Another billiard ball made the circuit of the table. "Two more for me," cried Crane, and, turning to Raymond: "What's the matter with you? Why don't you open your eyes?"

"But," from Raymond, becoming nervous. "I can't see you."

"Wash your eyes," suggested McCullough. Bang again.

"You don't mean to say your in this billiard room, John?" asked Raymond, his voice laden with emotion.

"Of course we are, and playing billiards," returned the two jokers simultaneously.

"My God!" shrieked John. "McCullough—Billy—I'm blind!"

McCullough says that the way in which this exclamation was uttered convinces him that Raymond is the pathetic actor he has long claimed to be.—*N. Y. Star.*

A Midnight Vigil.

The night is dark, the air is raw and chilly and damp, the storm is raging. An old and eminently respectable citizen, out on North hill, is sleeping the sleep of the just with the snore of the wicked, and the private clocks on their respective brackets and mantels throughout the city, for Burlington has no town clock, are tolling, as well as they know how to toll it, the hour of one-thirty A. M.

A violent jangling at his door bell awakes the eminently respectable citizen.

Shuddering he crawls out of bed, muttering he gropes across the floor.

Swearing, under his breath, he falls over a rocking chair.

At last he finds a match, lights a lamp, and descending the stairs opens the hall door, and admits a gust of wind that blows out the lamp and a torrent of rain that drenches him to the skin.

"What is wanted?" the respectable citizen asks.

"Are you the resident owner of this property?" promptly inquires the caller.

"I am," wonderingly replies the eminently respectable citizen.

"Were you in bed when I rang?"

"I was," replied the eminently respectable citizen.

"That was right," cheerfully exclaims the caller, "that is the place for a man of your age at this time of night. I am surprised to see you out of it. Get back to it, and pleasant dreams——"

All is silence after the crash that ensues, save a mocking smile that dies away in the distance. The fragments of the lamp that are revealed on the sidewalk by the coming of the dawn, indicate that either the lamp fell out of a balloon at a height of about twenty-nine miles, or was hurled at some object with great force. When will the mystery be solved?—*Hawkeye.*

Waiting for the Fun.

A citizen on his way home late the other night, saw a boy sitting in front of a house on Union street.

"What are you doing here, bub?" he inquired in surprise.

"Sh! Keep still!" hissed the boy, in a whisper. "I live here."

"Well, why don't you go into the house?" said the citizen.

"Waitin' for the fun," replied the boy. "Father's jus' gone in. He told me to wait till he told her he'd been to the lodge, and then I could come in and say I couldn't find him, and not mention his being in the billiard hall; but I know mother, an' if you'll wait a minute you'll hear something kinder bang against the side of the room like."

And just at that instant a muffled sound issued from the room, where a light was visible.

"That's him—that's father!" exclaimed the boy, in great glee. "Bime by you'll hear a lamp smash, and then I'm going to rush in and look out for fire."

The citizen passed on and left the boy sitting on the gate, with the liveliest interest depicted on his countenance.

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21 6 F. M. WEBB,
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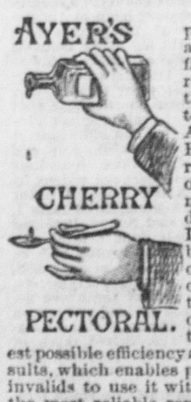

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E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is a sure cure. This is not a new preparation, to be tried and found wanting; it has been prescribed for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalelled success; it is not expected to cure all the diseases to which the human family is subject, but is warranted to cure Dyspepsia in its most obstinate form. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron never fails to cure. Symptoms of Dyspepsia are loss of appetite, wind and rising of food, dryness of the mouth, heartburn, distension of the stomach and bowels, constipation, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, and low spirits. Try the great remedy and be convinced of its merits. Get the genuine. Take only Kunkel's which is put up only in $1 bottles. Depot, 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia. Advice by mail free, by sending 3 cent stamp. Try one bottle of Kunkel's Iron and be convinced of its merits. Sold by druggists and storekeepers everywhere.

WORMS! WORMS! WORMS!

Removed alive. Tape Worm removed alive in from two to four hours, with vegetable medicine, head and all passing from the system living. No fee till head passes. The doctor never fails to remove Tape, Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. It never fails; or send to Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth St, Philadelphia, Pa., for circular with full instructions, by enclosing a three-cent stamp for return of same. Kunkel's Worm Syrup is used for children or adults with perfect safety, as it is vegetable. Buy it and try it. 34-4t

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

Bunnell & Aikns.---Music Store.

BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE

PIANOS, ORGANS & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

ALL THE POPULAR SHEET MUSIC.

Repairing and Tuning Done in the Best Manner.

PIANOS.

CHICKERING,
STEINWAY,
ARION,
WATERS.

ORGANS.

ESTEY,
WATERS,
WOODS,
MASON & HAMLIN.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS.

7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOS, - - - - - $130.00.
9-STOP ORGANS, 2 FULL SETS OF REEDS, ONLY - - - - 55.00,—Regular price, $270.00
13- " " 3 " " " " - - - 75.00, " " 340.00.

This Organ has the Grand Organ Knee-Swell.

Second-hand Organs as low as $25.00. ***Second-hand Pianos as low as $50.00.***

Violins and Accordeons from $2 Upwards. *Piano and Organ Instructors.* *Covers and Stools.*

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

SEWING MACHINES.

New Domestic, $30.00.
New White, 25.00.
New St. John, 25.00.
New Improved Singer, $22.50.
New Improved Howe, 22.50.
Second-hand Machines as low as $5.00.

AGENTS FOR E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S PERFECT-FITTING PATTERNS.

Orders by mail solicited and promptly filled. No agents employed. The buyers get the agents' profit. We buy our Pianos, Organs and Machines for Cash, and will give customers the advantage.

BUNNELL & AIKENS,
vol 11-8-tf Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 29, 1879:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 00 a m
" arr at Erie		7 35 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		8 30 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 45 a m
" " Williamsport		2 35 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 55 p m
" " Renovo		5 25 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 45 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 55 p m
" " Williamsport		7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		6 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 15 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
arr at Harrisburg		11 45 a m
" Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 20 a m
" " Williamsport		12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 10 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		8 50 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 00 p m
" " Williamsport		11 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 55 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 55 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 00
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arriv at Tyrone	8 05	6 10
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 30
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1878.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.14 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.20 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.42 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.47 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Clothing.

WM. S. TRIPPLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5 12-1

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

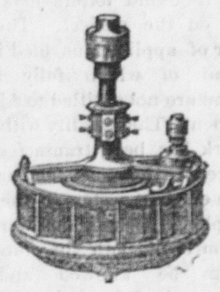
F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf

New Advertisements.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

$10 to $1000 Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address, BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall Street, New York. 29-4w

Do you want to make some money?

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Scive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,

Gen. Agt. West Penn'a. Pittsburg, Pa. 10-27.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

See that each plaster has the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E cut through it, and insist on having no other. Ask your own physician as to its merits over all other.

20 4t

Advertising Agencies.

TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s

SELECT LIST

—OF—

LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue of each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is $655. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 35. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 23 1y

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

ADVERTISING

To Reach Readers Outside of the Large Cities.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address

BEALS & FOSTER,
10 33 1y 10 Spruce St., New York

Miscellaneous.

PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State

Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitor of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droi Building, Washington, D. C. 17-1f.

SIX CORD
ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,
Paris, 1878
AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876,
As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."
TRY IT
S.F.T.
ESTABLISHED 1826.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING
MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.
STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, NEW YORK
TRY IT
SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON
MEDALS AWARDED
PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.
SOFT FINISH

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is publishe every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

ne year, in advance.....$2 00
f not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
f not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

paper will be discontinued until arrear- are paid, except at the option of the pub- lisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each addi- tional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first inser- tion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all oth- ers who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to bus- iness, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor, Bellefonte, Pa.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Treasurer,

HON. SAMUEL BUTLER,

OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Republican County Executive Committee.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Cen- tre county, for the year 1879:

JOHN B. LINN, Chairman, Bellefonte.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Sec'y, Bellefonte.

DISTRICT.	NAMES.	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte—N.W..	Dr. T. R. Hayes,	Bellefonte.
" —S.W..	Jas I McClure,	"
" —W.W.	Wm Shortlidge,	"
Milesburg boro...	Claude Cook,	Milesburg
Howard boro.....	Robert Cook, Jr.,	Howard
Philipsburg boro.	Capt Harry Simler,	Phil'b'rg
Unionville boro...	Benj Rich,	Fleming
Benner twp.....	S A Marshall,	Bellefonte
Boggs	Capt Austin Curtin,	Roland
Burnside.....	Dr M S Stewart,	Moshanon
College	Dr Theo S Christ,	Lemont
Curt'n	John T Lucas,	Howard
Ferguson, O. P...	Cyrus Goss,	Pine Grove Mills
" N. P...	J G Bailey,	Rock Springs
Gregg	Dr J B Leitzell,	Spring Mills
Haines.....	Jas P Coburn	Aaronsburg
Half Moon	Harry C Love,	Loveville
Harris	Wm McFarlane,	Boalsburg
Howard	D B Pletcher,	Howard
Huston.....	D W Kline,	Julian
Liberty.....	H H Snyder,	Blanchard
Marion.....	Capt S H Bennison,	Walker
Miles	Reuben Grimm,	Madisonburg
Patto n.....	Col G Dorsey Green,	Fillmore
Penn	A O Deininger,	Millheim
Potter, O.P	Wm P Shope,	Centre Hall
" N.P.....	W J Thompson,	Potters Mills
Rush	Geo B Simler,	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe.....	Capt C P Stonerod,	Snow Shoe
Spring.....	A V Miller,	Pleasant Gap
Taylor.....	John W Morris,	Fowler
Union	Owen Underwood,	Fleming
Walker	Philip Walter,	Nittany
Worth.....	Alex Cheney,	Port Matilda

Get Registered.

It is now time that every Republican voter in Centre county should examine the Assessor's book and see that he is as- sessed and registered, according to law. The Vigilant Committees should also see that every indifferent or negligent voter in our party is assessed and registered on or before September 4, 1879, which is the last day of registration this year. State or county tax must be paid on or before October 4, 1879, to entitle a man to vote at the November election.

☞Registration Assessors will bear in mind that the law requires them to be at the place of holding elections in their respective districts to-day and to-morrow (Sept. 3d and 4th) for the purpose of Registering voters upon appli- cation.

Additional Local Matters.

—The Greenbackers don't seem to be making much of a stir about here.

—It is said that the Clearfield band will attend the Veteran Club picnic at Pleasant Gap on next Satur- day.

—All the kilns at Alexander's lime stone quarry are in operation, some- thing that hasn't occurred before in four years.

—The public school house received a thorough scrubbing out, from top to bottom, on Monday, preparatory to the fall term.

—Mr. Bauland, of the "Beehive" drygoods establishment, has secured the services of Mr. Harry Kepheart, of Unionville, to assist him in dis- posing of his tremendous stock of fall goods, now on their way from the city. Mr. Kepheart is a courte- ous and obliging gentleman, and has had years of experience, having had clerkships in several of the largest establishments in the county.

—The Supreme Court of the State of New York has decided that J. C. AYER & Co., of Lowell, have the sole right to use the words "Cherry Pect- oral" for a medicine, and has issued an injunction against F. V. Rushton, of New York City, for selling Rush- ton's Cherry Pectoral or Cherry Pect- oral Lozenges, or any other use of the name to deceive the public. This decision of the high court includes all dealers who sell any similar article.—*Port Jefferson (L. I.) Leader.*

Of Interest to Pensioners.

Soldiers entitled to arrears of pen- sions under the late act have supposed that the cause of delay rested with the Pension Bureau. This is not the case. In regard to this matter, the Altoona *Tribune* says: "The delay has rested with the Treasury Depart- ment in not being able to supply the funds. The amount disbursed up to this time is nearly twelve million dollars, leaving thirteen millions to be paid. It is said that if the amount had been available after the passage of the act, every claim would have been settled by the 1st of July last, but as the Pension Bureau has only been able to adjust the claims accor- ding to the amount which the Secre- tary of the Treasury could allow from month to month, their settlement has been necessarily slow. Now, howev- er, there is no cause for delay; they are paid at the rate of five hundred a day, and the Pension Bureau will be able to dispose of every claim under the act allowing arrears of pension by the middle of October. No special order is observed in the payment of arrears, the cases being settled in the order in which they are reached. They will aggregate, according to an estimate of the Commissioner, about forty-five million dollars to pay them. The largest amount paid to any pen- sioner has been $4,500, and in some instances a certificate has been for $1.60. The daily disbursements aver- age $250,000. Some idea may be formed of the extraordinary interest taken in the subject when it is known that before a certificate had been is- sued there were received upwards of twenty thousand letters making in- quiries on the subject. The total number of applications filed is sixty thousand, of which fully twenty thousand are not entitled to addition- al payment. The rapidity with which the work has been transacted is an evidence of the good management and the efficient system of the meth- ods employed in keeping the records of the bureau. Both the number of cases to be allowed and the amount required for their settlement fall within the estimate made by Commissioner Bently, and this proves the statements frequently made dur- ing the discussion of the same in Con- gress that it would take not less than one hundred million to satisfy the pension arrearages."

—Our school directors have taken an advance step in the way of ap- pointing teachers, which should meet the hearty approbation of every patron of the public school in this borough. We refer to the fact that John Mason Duncan was one of the teachers last year; one of the most thorough, if not the most suc- cessful in every respect, that has oc- cupied the public school room since it was built. For reasons best known to himself he was not an applicant for a socond engagement. We learn that his principal reason was that parties were negotiating with him to teach a private class. We believe Major Wm. F. Reynolds made him a very liberal offer to teach his nephew, Fred. Reynolds, of Lancas- ter, and Elliot Lane, of this place, a couple of promising youths whom the Major seems to have taken under his special charge. We only allude to this fact to show those interested in public education, how soon a sa- gacious man like Major Reynolds can estimate the value of a compe- tent, energetic and industrious edu- cator. We learn with pleasure that Mr. Duncan's engagements are such that he can spend a portion of his time in our public schools as as- sistant principal, and the school di- rectors have made a temporary en- gagement with him, which will meet the hearty approval of all those familiar with his actual worth. Suc- cess to our public schools.

—The following named gentlemen have been appointed collectors for 1879 by the County Commissioners: Bellefonte borough, J. M. Keichline; Howard boro., Robert Cook, Jr.; Miles- burg boro., W. B. Miles; Unionville boro., A. N. Russel; Benner twp., W. A. Taylor; Burnside, D. M. Stewart; College, Wm. Foster; Curtin, Henry Theil; Ferguson, George W. Keich- line; Gregg, Cyrus Lose; Haines, Jacob Bower, Jr.; Halfmoon, J. H. Griffin; Harris, B. Stem; Howard, J. M Kline; Huston, D. W. Kline; Ma- rion, J. J. Hoy; Miles, Geo. B. Haines; Patton, Daniel Heckman; Penn, C. Alexander; Potter, J. W. Mersinger; Rush, John B. Long; Spring, John Garbrick; Taylor, Mr. Beckwith; Union, William Spotts; Walker, Da- vid Yocum; Worth, George R. Will- iams.

—Mr. Joseph Baker, of College township, came in to see us on Tues- day, and knowing how seldom editors ever have the chance to feed on lux- uries, brought us a large basket of delicious pears. Mr. Baker has had considerable experience as a fruit grower, and his orchards produce some of the finest pears and apples to be found in the county.

Court Proceedings.

Court assembled on Monday, Aug. 25th, Judge Orvis presiding, support- ed by Judges Frank and Diven. No cases were tried on Monday, most of the day being occupied with preli- minary business. On Tuesday the jury was called, and the business of the court went on. Following are the proceedings up to date:

COURT OF QUARTER SESSION.

Commonwealth vs. Sarah Flora, charged with fornication. Sentenced to pay $10 fine and costs of prosecu- tion.

Commonwealth vs. George Horner, charged with fornication. Sentenced to pay fine of $10 and cost of prose- cution.

Commonwealth vs. Julia Kline, charged with larceny. Bill returned ignoramus.

Commonwealth vs. Austin Shope, charged with larceny. Bill ignored.

Commonwealth vs. John H. Kline, charged with assault and battery on the witness. Defendant not guilty and prosecutor to pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Harvey Meese, assault and battery on Calvin Lawver. Tried by jury. Defendant acquitted, but costs divided between prosecutor and defendant.

Commonwealth vs. George Dunkle, larceny. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced to pay $1 fine, costs of prosecution, restore the property sto- len if not already restored, and im- prisonment in the Western Peniten- tiary for one year.

Commonwealth vs. Philip Iddings, charged with rape, fornication and bastardy. True bil on charge of for- nication and bastardy. Defendant pleads guilty, and usual sentence in such cases imposed.

Commonwealth vs. Geo. Eisenhuth, assault with intent to kill. Recog- nizance forfeited and bench warrant awarded. True bill returned by grand jury.

Commonwealth vs. Alexander De- lige, Richard Delige and William De- lige, charged with keeping a gambling house. Cause tried by jury. Alex- ander Delige found guilty; William and Richard acquitted. Sentence of court that Alexander Delige pay costs of prosecution, fine of $10 and three months imprisonment in the county jail.

Commonwealth vs. John Baney, charged with fornication and bastar- dy. Defendant pleads guilty. Usual sentence returned by the court.

Commonwealth vs. Elizabeth Pen-ington and Catherine Page, charged with fornication. True bill.

Commonwealth vs. Aaron Durst and Alfred Durst, assault and battery on John Potter. Defendants tried and found guilty. They were sen- tenced to pay a fine of $50 each and cost of prosecution.

Commonwealth vs. Alfred Lucas, fornication and bastardy. Defendant tried and found guilty. Usual sen- tence imposed by the court.

Commonwealth vs. Richard Farrell, charged with larceny. The bill was ignored.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Stine, assault and battery on Calvin Waltz. Cause tried. Defendant not guilty. Costs equally divided.

Commonwealth vs. David Harper. This was an action brought against the supervisors of Marion township, for neglect of official duty, but fur- ther proceedings were suspended.

Commonwealth vs. Robert Cooke, Jr., constable of Howard borough. Charge, misdemeanor in office. In- dictment quashed.

Commonwealth vs. John H. Kline. Charge, assault and battery; not guilty. The prosecutor, Wm. Wit- mer, to pay the cost. Same vs. An- nie Kline, same charge; not guilty. Wm. Witmer to pay costs.

Commonwealth vs. John Reiley, tramp. Plead guilty. Sentence, 30 days to county jail. This is the first case brought before our court under the new tramp law.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Wit- mer, W. W. Witmer, H. E. Wit- mer. Charge, resisting officers of the law. This charge was that the tax collector of Benner township, was assaulted by these parties while in the discharge of his duty in col- lecting taxes from one of these de- fendants, who refused to pay his taxes. The case was settled, howev- er, which was a good move for the defendants, who would have found resisting tax collectors a rather ex- pensive business.

Commonwealth vs. Washington Johnson, charged with desertion of his wife and making threats. Wash- ington found it more convenient to "skip," and let his bail answer for him.

Commonwealth vs. Peter Herdic. This trial was the absorbing topic of the week. Mr. Herdic has been well known as the fastest lumberman in the world, especially in Williams- port, for many years past.

The charge against Mr. Herdic was that of obtaining money under false pretense from the banking house of William F. Reynolds & Co., of this place. It appeared that Mr. Herdic negotiated a loan of Messrs. Reynolds & Co., amounting to eight thousand dollars on his drafts accepted by a Philadelphia house, giving as a col- lateral certain bonds, which were re- presented as a first lien on the prop- erty. The drafts were protested at maturity. When Messrs. Reynolds & Co came to look after their security, they found the bonds given them were on a second mortgage and not on a first mortgage, as they were led to believe. They then learned that Herdic bought a certain farm in Will- iamsport, on which he gave a mort- gage for purchase money. He divid- ed the property into lots, on which he built houses. He sold some of these houses, taking bonds on mort- gages from the purchasers. He had the proper officer of the court to cer- tify that these were all the liens en- tered against the parties named in the bonds, which led Mr. Revnolds and his attorney to believe they were the first lien, and the money was loaned. A great deal of sympathy was manufactured for Mr. Herdic from the outset, which was kept on the in- crease during the trial, and great stress was forced in the assertions that he had been liberal to the poor, (to which might have been added, with other people's money) with other sympathetic dodges, which led the jury to acquit, but saddled the costs upon him. Beaver, Furst and Fortney for commonwealth and Blanchard, Alexander, Spangler and Wm. B. Mann, Esq., of Philadelphia, for the defendant.

—Visitors to the State Fair to be held in Philadelphia from the 8th to the 20th of September, will find at the St. Cloud Hotel on Arch St., above Seventh, every comfort and convenience known to modern ho- tels. An art of neatness and clean- liness is everywhere visible, while the most obliging and attentive ser- vants administer to, and in many cases anticipate your wants. The sleeping rooms are large, comforta ble and elegantly furnished, while the table is unsurpassed. Street cars running both ways past the door, render not only the Perma- nent Exhibition, where the fair is to be held, but all places of amusement and interest conveniently accessible. Messrs. G. W. Mullin & Co., by per- sonal attention, will endeavor to make guests feel at home and com- fortable in every particular. The terms are only $2.50 per day.

THE VALUE OF PURE WINE IN SICK- NESS.—The chief difficulty with relia- ble wines has been their scarcity and exorbitant price, but this has been removed by the introduction of a Pure Native Wine, produced from the Oporto Grape by Mr. Alfred Speer, of New Jersey. We understand that he has submitted his wine to the test of many of our celebrated physicians, and all concur in its purity, medicinal properties, and superiority to the best imported Port Wine. Most of them prescribe it in cases of debility, affect- ions of the kidneys, and chronic com- plaints, requiring a tonic sudorific or diuretic treatment.—*Examiner.* For sale by J. W. Ziegler. 35 2

—We have received an interesting pamphlet from Thomas P. Jones, Commissioner of Agriculture of Geor- gia, entitled "Georgia: from the im- migrant settler's standpoint." It gives the results of the experience of actual settlers from other States and coun- tries, and contains a full account of the natural resources of the State of Georgia. A copy will be forwarded free to any one on receipt of a three- cent stamp. Address Mr. Jones, Com. of Ag., Atlanta, Georgia.

—Mr. Willis Fleming took his Sun- day School class into the woods for a frolic on Thursday of last week. Mr. Fleming is a first-rate teacher, and is very much liked by the members of his class.

A coal oil lamp exploded Thursday night at Como, Miss., in the hands of Miss Rubie Allen, daughter of Major O. H. Allen, editor and proprietor of the Como *Herald*, burning her so bad- ly that she died soon after. Other members of the family, including the Major himself, were badly burned. Carpets, bedding and furniture were destroyed, but the building was not burned.

A special train on the Cincinnati Southern railroad, bearing Secretary Sherman and a number of promi- nent Cincinnatians, arrived at High Bridge, Ky., at 11 o'clock, last Friday. After visiting points of interest a col- lation was served and the party start- on the return trip.

The schooner John A. Griffin, which left the Delaware Breakwater on the 15th ult., bound to Wilmington, N. C., reached the latter port on Tuesday week, relieving the fears as to her safety. She was caught in the late storm and driven far out of her course.

The "Tonage Tax" Repeal Reappearing.

Mr. George W. Miller, in his ad- dress to the Democracy, makes these extraordinary st tements respecting past political controversy:

In the name of loyalty the State was plundered. The public works, costing the people millions, were given away, and the treasury deplet- ed by the repeal of the tonnage tax. New offices were created with im- mense emoluments and a long ten- ure, to which they unhesitatingly appointed themselves. Corporations demanded of the Legislature extra- ordinary privileges. They were free- ly granted, and in the exercise of unwarranted power threatened the existence of individual enterprise, and, indeed, to rise paramount to constitutional authority. The Re- publican party was in the grasp of the ring, and the ring became, and is, the Republican party.

On these the *Press* begs to say:

First. The Public Works, which were sold in 1857 and 1858, were not "given away," but were sold at pub- lic sale. The main line brought $7,500,000, for which the State has received or is receiving the money. The branches were also disposed of for a valuable consideration, and the bill for their sale was approved by William F. Packer, a Democratic governor. When worked by the State these public improvements were a constant drain upon the treasury. There was nothing in the then present or the near future to give promise of a change for the bet- ter. From the day of the sale the financial condition of the State be- gan to grow better, and within a few years thereafter all State tax was removed from real estate, and the State debt has been in steady course of reduction notwithstanding the great cost of the Rebellion. The policy of the sale was not exclusive- ly a party question. If we remem- ber correctly, Mr. Samuel J. Randall, then a Senator from Philadelphia, supported it for reasons of public policy; and other Democrats else- where joined in efforts to emancipate the people from this burthen. Mr. Miller writes like one who, in igno- rance, blindly strikes.

Second. For the reason which in- duced the repeal of the tonnage tax we respectfully refer Mr. Miller to Andrew G. Curtin, the governor who approved the bill. He is a leading Democratic chief, who hopes to be elected to Congress next winter by the Democratic members thereof. For whatever Mr. Curtin may not be able to tell, or may not wish to tell respecting this transaction, we refer Mr. Miller to the editor of the Philadelphia *Times*, then a State Senator, and now controlling the most pretentious Democratic organ in Pennsylvania. After these Dem- ocratic worthies have exhausted their knowledge on this subject—if they should do so—it will be time enough for Mr. Miller to ask other people what they may remember of its leg- islative history.

Third. Mr. Miller is shocked at the graspingness of the great rail- road corporations of the State. Then his compl ints should be addressed to those of his own household. These corporations are not Republ- ican corporations in any sense, either in the political affinities of their leading officials or in their principles of management. As to some of the gentlemen referred to, they are known to everybody—ex- cept Mr. Miller—to be among the most active Democrats in the State. If it were necessary to say more, Mr. Miller might be asked to cast his eye over into the State of New York, where he would see the great corp rations of the New York Cen- tral and New York and Erie under the control of gentlemen of the same political family with himself.

Mr. Miller's blunderbuss is rather miscellaneously thrown about, but it hits more of his friends than his foes. Mr. Miller, before he becomes much older, should learn the impor- tance of being right in his facts be- fore he ventures to reason from them or denounce because of them. He might then save himself un- pleasant exposure and his party friends annoying explanations.—*Phila. Press.*

James Meagher, aged 17 years, son of Patrick Meagher, of Woodbury, Conn., was brutally murdered by un- known hands Thursday night. His body, horribly mutilated, was found near the highway on Friday morning. No clew of the murderers has been found.

The remains of the hull of the ship Joseph Milbury, wrecked at Torbay, were to be sold at auction on the spot, yesterday. Angus Averp and David Tebrine were drowned while return- ing from the wreck to Halifax a few days since.

Another trial of the new 64-pound rifled gun, as converted by Gilbert, of Montreal, took place Thursday in the presence of a muster of militia and a large company of military men. The results were satisfactory.

The wreck of the steamer State of Virginia at Sable Island has broken in two amidships. A quantity of the vessel's cargo, consisting of flour and bacon, has been washed ashore on the island.

A superior capacity for business, and a more extensive knowledge, are steps by which a new man often mounts to favor and outshines the rest of his contemporaries.

Good pictures are great teachers. A fine work of art hanging in one's house speaks to him constantly in language of tender beauty that wins its way to the heart.

No form of government has yet been discovered by which cruelty can be wholly prevented. Subordi- nation supposes power on one part and subjection on the other; and if power be in the hands of men it will sometimes be abused.

Whatever facilitates our work is more than an omen; it is a cause of success. This is one of those pleas- ing surprises which often happens to active resolution. Many things dif- ficult to design prove easy to per- formance.

Be rigid to yourself and gentle to your neighbors.

Legal.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, i-sued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be ex- posed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, A. D 1879,

at 1 o'clock P M., the following described real estate of the defendants, to wit:

No. 1.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Madisonburg, Centre county, Pa., and marked in the general plan of said town as lot No. 42, bounded on the east by High St., on the south by lot of Samuel Shafer, on the west by an alley, and on the north by a lot of John Limbert, containing in breadth along said High street 6⅔ feet, and in depth to said alley 181½ feet; it being the premises which Daniel Rishel and Sarah, his wife, by indenture bearing even date herewith, granted and con- firmed unto the said R. G. Hockman, his heirs and assigns—thereon erected a two-story frame house, stable and outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of R. G. Hockman.

No. 2.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of John P. Harris, on the east by lands of A. G. Curtin, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lands of James Haley, fronting on said alley about 70 feet, ex- tending back about 200 feet to lands of John P. Harris—thereon erected a two-story double frame dwelling house, stable and other out- buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Kelley.

No. 3.—All those two certain lots or messu- ages of ground bounded and described as fol- lows: First, beginning at the north side of the lot known as the parsonage lot of the German Reformed and Lutheran Church; thence along the line of Spring street north twenty-five feet; thence east 200 feet to an alley: thence south along said alley 25 feet to lot of said parsonage; thence west along the line of parsonage lot 200 feet to the place of beginning—more fully de- scribed in Deed Book E, page 644; thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

Second—Beginning at the north side of the lot of H. D. Yerger; thence along the line of Spring street north 25 feet; thence east along lot of Charles McCafferty 200 feet to an alley; thence along said alley south 25 feet to corner of lot of H. D Yerger; thence west along the line of said lot 200 feet to the place of begin- ning. Both lots of ground situate in the North Ward of Bellefonte, Centre county, State of Pennsylvania. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. D. Yerger.

No. 4.—All that certain lot or piece of land situate in Patton township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by the lands of J. M. Bush and wife, on the east and south by lands of Moses Thompson, and on the west by lands of Sarah J. Stevenson, containing 24 acres and 83 perches, more or less. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the prop- erty of J. M. Bush.

No. 5.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Curtin township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Mary Fer- linger, on the east by lands of Peter Robb, and on the south by lands of Mrs. Quay, and on the west by lands of J. Mann, containing 84 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared, thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, log barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in exe- cution and to be sold as the property of John Confer.

No. 6.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Spring, Centre county, Pa., bounded and de- scribed as follows: Beginning at stones; thence by lands of Jonathan Krise, south 38° east 55 perches to stones; thence north 52° east 23 perches to stones; thence 38° east 110 perches to chestnut oak; thence by lands la e of James Gordon, north 52° east 97 perches to stones by a white pine; thence by lands of same north 38° east 160 perches to a pine; thence by lands of same, south 52° west 117 perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres, more or less, unimproved. Seized, taken in ex- ecution and to be sold as the property of W. P. Duncan, administrator of Dr. J. B. Mitchell, deceased.

No. 7.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Jacksonville, Marion township, Cen- tre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Wm. Long, deceased, on the east by lands of Samuel Alcy and others, on the south by pub- lic road, and on the west by lands of Amos Erthy—containing three acres, more or less, thereon erected a large frame building, used as a dwelling house, frame stable and other out- buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of D. G. Kline.

No. 8.—All that certain piece of land situate in Haines township, Centre county, Pa., begin- ning at a spruce, thence along lands of Andrew Korman, south 73¼° west 154 perches to a small hickory grub; thence along lands of Jacob Musser, south 19½° east 231 perches to stones; thence along the mountain, north 67¾° east 153 perches to a pitch pine; thence along lands of Peter Hosterman, north 19½° west 224 perches to the place of beginning, contain- ing 205 acres and 117 perches and allowance, it being the same tract of land that John Ruppard his wife Mahala, granted to the said Simon Rote and Thomas Harper, their heirs and assigns, by their deed dated May 1, 1865, recorded in the Recorder's Office, at Bellefonte, Deed Book I, No. 2, page 320, and the said Simon Rote and Thomas Harper, by their deed bearing the date above mentioned, have granted to J. G. Meyer, Geo. C. Meyer, D. S. Boyer and J. S. Sminkey. (The said J. G. Meyer, party hereto, owns the ¼ undivided part of the above de- scribed property or tract of land.) Thereon erected a two-story frame house, saw mill, sta- ble and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. G. Meyer, with notice to all terre tenants.

No. 9.—All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Miles township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Be- ginning at a stone, thence by land of said Rish- el south 60° east 40⅝ perches to a post, north 76½° east 16 2-10 perches to stones; thence by land of John W. Sholl, north 24° west 98½ perches to post; thence by land of said Siro- hecker south 73° west 39½ perches to stone, south 23° east 60 perches to stone; thence by land of Andrew Immel south 7° east 7 perches to stones; and thence by land of grantee north 73° east 4½ perches to the place of beginning; containing 21 acres 126 perches neat measure, it being the same premises which C. H. Stohecker, by indenture, bearing date the 15th day of February, A. D. 1877, for the consideration therein mentioned, did grant and confirmt to Daniel Rishel, party hereto, and his heirs and assigns forever. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Rishel.

No. 10.—All those certain tracts of land situ- ate in Gregg and Miles township, Centre coun- ty, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Be- ginning at a stone, thence along land of Daniel Hoy and Christian Houtz north 20½° west 12 4-10 perches to stone; thence along land of said Houtz and Peter Klinefelder north 75° east 52 perches to a stone; thence south 24° east 12 3-10 perches to a stone; thence south 62½° west 22 perches to a stone; thence south 76¾° west 10 1-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 4 acres 52 perches, neat measure.

ALSO,

One other tract or lot of ground situate in Gregg township, adjoining the above mention- ed tract of land. Beginning at a stone, thence along land of David Hoy 60° east 6½ perches to a stone; thence north 26° west 4 perches and a half to the place of beginning, containing 23 perches and allowance.

ALSO,

One other tract or lot of ground situate in the township of Gregg aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a cor- ner of George Spade's land, thence along same south 31½° east 62 perches to a stone, thence along land of John Yerick north 67° east 5 2-10

perches to a stone; thence north 30½° west 62 perches to a stone; thence south 77° west 5 2-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 2 acres, neat measure; thereon erected a one and a half story log house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel Kern.

No. 11.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Potter township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Mrs. Spangler, on the east by lands of Pye and others, on the south by lands of Mrs. Spangler, on the west by lands of Mrs. From, containing five acres, more or less; thereon erected a two story log dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Josiah Taylor.

No. 12.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Unionville, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on the west on Chestnut street sixty feet; on the south by lands of B. F. Widmer, deceased, 120 feet; on the east by an alley sixty feet, and on the north by an alley 120 feet; being designated in the general plan of said borough as lot No. 9, being the same lot of ground which Benjamin Rich and wife, by deed, dated October 3, A. D. 1864, granted and conveyed to A. P. Heller, reference thereto being had will more fully and at large appear; thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Geo. Eastman and Martha Eastman his wife.

No. 13.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to that certain tract of land situate, lying and being in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows. Beginning at a post on the ridge, thence by lands of Christian Van Pool north 48½° east 95 perches to a post; thence by lands of Daniel Beck south 41½° east 320 perches to stones; thence by lands of G. and J. H. Shonbarger south 48½° west 35 perches to a pine; thence by lands of —— Loder north 41½° west 320 perches to the place of beginning, containing 179 acres and 39 perches and allowance, being the same tract of land deeded by Isaac Kauffman and wife to Abednego Stephens, which deed is on record in Book T, page 158, in Recorder's Office, of Centre county; thereon erected a two story brick house, small tenant house, bank barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to that certain tract of land situate in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., on the Bald Eagle Ridge, adjoining lands of Christian Van Pool and others, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white pine, north 39° east and 112 perches to a pine; thence north 50° west 38 perches to a white oak, south south 45° west 49 perches to a post, south 35° west 89 perches to stones, south 62° west 23 perches to a post, south 74° west 55 perches to a birch, south 39° west 118 perches to a black oak, south 58° west 91 perches to chestnut oak, a small distance to McKnight's line; thence along said line southeast course about 51 perches to a post; thence north 43° east — perches to a black oak, north 51° east 174 perches to a pine, north 81° east 30 perches to a corner, and north 10° and 42 perches to the place of beginning, containing 130 acres and allowance, it being part of a large tract granted to George Wilson by patent, dated January 18, 1798.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to one third of 1,500 acres, more or less, of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., being the same tract of land that was patented to and in the name of Jacob Metzker, William Dentler, Jacob Stough, Philip Eberman and John Eberman. See Deed Book M, No. 2, page 290, in Recorder's Office of Centre county.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of defendant in and to that certain tract of land situate in Rush township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: It being that part of the Casper Laurance tract beginning at the maple corner at the pond, adjoining the forty acres of the Samuel Chestnut tract, reserved in the deed from Abednego Stephens and Rebecca B. Stephens, his wife, to Thomas McCauley and David K. Raney, dated May 27, A. D. 1854—containing 15 acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Thomas W. Grafius.

No. 14.—All those two certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the village of Centre Hall, township of Potter, county of Centre and State of Pa., bounded and destribed as follows, to wit: One thereof bounded on the south by the Brush Valley road, on the east by the Lutheran church lot, on the north by land late of the Centre Hall Manufacturing Company, and on the west by land of John Neff, Jr., containing about one fourth of an acre, and being the same lot which Daniel B. Obercholtzer and wife, by their deed dated November 9, 1870, did grant and convey unto the said William Gilbraith; thereon erected a good two story frame dwelling house, a stable and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

The other thereof: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot of John Neff, Jr., thence by an outlot of the said Neff north 123¼ feet to a stone; thence east by lands of Thomas Evans 118 feet to an alley; thence by said alley S. E. 96 feet to an alley; thence by said alley S. W. 153 feet to the place of beginning—containing 54 perches; being the same lot which the president and directors of the Centre Hall Manufacturing Company, by their deed dated the 12th day of May, 1871, did grant and convey unto the said William Galbraith, party hereto, together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, woods, ways, rights, liberties and privileges. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Gilbraith.

No 15.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stone in middle of alley between Theodore Readet and the said Condo, thence north 59° east 12 6-10 perches to post, corner of line of Samuel McWilliams; then by same south 26° east 10 perches to post; thence by land of John Goheen south 59° west 12 6-10 perches to post; thence by lot of Theodore Readet north 26° west 10 perches to place of beginning—containing 126 perches, neat measure; thereon erected a one and a half story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. M. Thompson.

No. 16.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the north by Logan street, on the east by lot of Martha Samuels, on the south by an alley, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Lewis; having a front of 40 feet on Logan street and extending back 200 feet to said alley. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Patrick Gorman.

No. 17.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Burnside township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by John Hoy, on the east by same, on the west by William Stewart, thereon erected a one and a half story log house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Askey.

No. 18.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by Bellefonte Gas Company lot, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Miss McGill, and on the west by Spring street, fronting on said Spring street 60 feet and extending back 200 feet to said alley; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George W. Tate.

No. 19.—All the right, title and interest of M. L. McKean, deceased, at and immediately before the time of his decease in and to all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone in the centre of public road leading from Bellefonte to Hublersburg, thence along land of the heirs of Geo. Shaffer, deceased, north 48° west 36 5-10 perches to a stone; thence along same south 44° west 123 perches to stone; thence along land of David Solt and David Harshberger, north 12° west 166 2-10 perches to a post; thence by lands formerly owned by David Lutz north 52° west 57 perches to a stone; thence by lands of Michael Shaffer, south 45° east 10 2-10 perches to a stone; thence along same north 44° east 68 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of Martin Brumgard south 46° east 122 2-10 perches to stone; thence by same north 44° east 13 2-10 perches to a post; thence by lands of Adam Vonada south 48° east 50 2-10 perches to a stone in the centre of the public road leading from Bellefonte to Hublersburg; thence along centre of public road south 54½° west 103 6-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 162 acres and 5 perches, neat measure; thereon erected a two story frame house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of M. L. McKean, deceased.

No. 20.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of Ridge land situate in Liberty township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at stones, thence north 45° west 63 perches to stones; thence by land in warrantee name of Samuel Custin south 42½° west 102 perches to stones and land of John Thompson; thence by land of said Thompson south 43° east 88 perches to stones; thence by land of Christian Holter north 44° east 103 perches to the place of beginning; containing 40 acres and 57½ perches. No building. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John D. Gardner.

No. 21.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of land situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the extension of Spring street at the corner lot of James Clark, thence northwest along said line to line of A. Stewart; thence along said line in a southwesterly direction 26 feet; thence southeast and parallell to the James Clark line aforesaid to the extension of Spring street before mentioned; thence along said Spring street to the placce of beginning, it being the northern part of lot No. 192 in the general plot or plan of said borough, and fronting 26 feet on said Spring street; thereon erected a two story frame house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James and Catherine Dolan.

No. 22.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., and lying on Spring street and extending back to Locust alley, adjoining lots of George W. Tate on the north and S. and P. Keenan on the south, and known as lot No 137 in the general plan of said borough, being the same lot of ground which George Meyers and wife, by deed, dated the 8th day of May, A. D. 1866, assigned the same to Bridget McGill, party hereto; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Bridget McGill.

No. 23.—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, corner of lands of William Toland and William Telley, thence by the land of the latter north 59½° west 8 3-10 perches to post; thence north 30½° west 37 perches to a post; thence by lands of the Thomas estate south 61° west 40 perches to a post in the road; thence by said road south 40° east 19 perches to a post; thence by land of William Poorman north 61° east 13 perches to a post; thence by lands of Jacob Bartlett south 29° east 14 perches to a post; thence by lands of William Toland north 61° east 3 perches to a post, the place of beginning—containing 4 acres and 22 perches, neat measure. No buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Isaac Haupt.

No. 24.—All that lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by lot of John Delaney, on the east and southeast by an alley or street, and on the west by public road leading from Bellefonte to Roopsburg—containing about one-fourth of an acre, more or less; thereon erected a two story frame house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Samuel F. Foster.

No. 25.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot or piece of ground known as the north half or end of lot No. 123 in the general plan of the borough of Bellefonte fronting 60 feet on Howard street and running back 100 feet, bounded on the north by Howard street, on the west by lot of Mrs. Sarah Irwin, and on the east by lot of Mrs. Mary Ann Irwin, being the same lot which Mrs. Harriet F. Kinsloe, by her deed, dated September 8, 1871, and recorded in Deed Book H, No. 2, page 294, did grant and convey unto the said Evan B. Fisher, party hereto; thereon a two story frame house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Even B. Fisher.

No. 26.—All that certain part of the lot or piece of ground situate on the northwest corner of Bishop street and Allegheny street in the borough of Bellefonte, beginning and joining the old store room of William Ickoff; thence on straight line north to line; thence along Curtin's line to Allegheny street; thence along Allegheny street to the corner of Bishop St.; thence along Bishop street west to the place of beginning, containing 53 feet and one inch on Bishop street, and 50 feet on Allegheny street, be the same more or less. It being a part of a certain messuage and lot of ground situate in the borough aforesaid, containing 50 feet front on Allegheny street, and extending thence by a line along Bishop street westward 100 feet to a post; thence by line parallel with Allegheny street to the intersection of the lot of Roland Curtin; thence by lot No. 92 in the general plan of said borough to Allegheny street which Josedh i. Lingle, High Sheriff of Centre county, did on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1852, by deed poll, grant, convey and sell unto H. Brockerhoff of the aforesaid borough; thereon erected a three story frame building, used as a store room and offices.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along east side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, on the east by lot of George W. Blackford, and on the west by Allegheny street; thereon erected a large two stone frame building, known as the "Butts House," and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

Also all that certain lot of piece of ground situate on the corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, in the borough of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Fronting on Bishop street about 60 feet and extending back along the west side of Allegheny street about 200 feet to Logan street, and on the west by lot of Mrs. Howard, and on the east by Allegheny street; thereon erected a two story frame building, used as a ware room, together with smaller buildings, used as tenant houses. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Edward Brown.

No. 27.—All that certain messuage, tenement and lot of ground situate in the township of Spring, county of Centre, and State of Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at stones on the east side of the old Lewistown road, thence by lands late of John Irvin north 42¼° east 40 perches; thence by lands late of Henry Vandyke south 45¼° east 9 perches; thence south 42° west 40 perches to east side of said road; thence by the same north 45¼° west 9 perches to the place of beginning, containing 2¼ acres, neat measure, being the same lot of ground which John Hoffer and Sarah, his wife, and James Ward and Ruth C., his wife, by deed dated the 26th day of July, A. D. 1856, recorded in Centre County Deed Book B, No. 2, page 74, granted and conveyed to John H. Orvis and Carrie E., his wife; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John H. Orvis and Carrie E. Orvis, his wife.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the south corner of a lot owned and occupied by mortgagors (now Michael Runkle) on the old Lewistown road, thence along the line of said lot eastwardly 40 rods; thence in a southernly direction 4 rods; thence in a westerly direction 40 rods to the said Lewistown road; thence northerly along said road to the place of beginning, containing one acre, be the same more or less; thereon erected a 1½ story frame dwelling house, small stable and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John H. Orvis and Carrie E. Orvis, his wife.

ALSO,

All that undivided fourth part of a tract of land situated in Potter township, Centre county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of James and Jacob Grove, Samuel Huston and George Durst, on the east by lands of James Grove, on the south by lands of Jonathan Royer and —— Woods, on the west by lands of William Haney and James and Jacob Grove—containing 192 acres, more or less, and known as the Stump farm; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and sold as the property of John H. Orvis.

No. 28.—All that right, title and interest of John M. McKelvey in and to that certain messuage or tract of land situated in Huston township, Centre county, Pa., beginning at a stone in the run; thence by lands of Joseph F. Williams south 41½° west 55 perches to stones; thence by lands of same south 80°, west 30 perches to post; thence by lands of James Ardry north 51°, east 58.4 perches to white oak; thence by lands of same south 25°, east 90 perches to pine thence by lands of same south 33°, east 49 perches to post; thence by lands of John Wagner north 60°, east 82 perches to post thence by lands of Scott Williams north 36°, east 32 perches to chestnut oak; thence by lands of same north 50°, east 84 perches to post; thence by lands of same north 51°, east 18 perches to stones in run; thence up said run 54 perches to post; thence by said lands of Brown & McKelvey south 51°, west 8 perches to a post; thence by lands of the same westerly 30 perches to post; thence by lands of same north 51°, east 6 perches to run; thence up said run 62 perches to stones, the place of beginning—containing 201 acres net, be the same or less; thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling and other out buildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John McKelvey.

No. 29.—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Boggs township, Centre Co., Pa., bounded on the west by lands of Shope, on the northeast by lands of Curtins, on the south by lands of James Zimmerman, on the east by other lands of Curtin—containing 200 acres, more or less; thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lawrence Curtin.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged till the purchase money is paid in full.

32 3w JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Jacob V. Thomas, of Bellefonte, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, and the amendments supplements thereto, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, By order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and all other persons interested, to appear on the 24th day of September, 1879, at 1 o'cloc , P. M., before F. E. Smith, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in the Bush House, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to said Bankrupt.

35-2t S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

IN THE DSITRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, For the Western District of Pennsylvania. T. R. Hamilton, of Bellefonte, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, and the amendments supplements thereto, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, By order of the Court, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested to appear on the 24th day of September, 1879, at one o'clock, P. M., before F. E. Smith, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in the Bush House, Bellefonte Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt.

35 2t S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Frank and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date, 12th day of July, A. D., 1879, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of Aug. next, being the 25th day of Aug. 1879, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Alderman and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 22nd day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1879 and in the one hundred and third year of the independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

31-4t

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all persons not to meddle with any of the personal property now in the possession of Joseph W. Myers, as I bought the same at constable's sale on the eleventh day of July, 1879 32 4t

Julian, Aug. 9, 1879 JOHN CRAIG.

ESTATE OF JAMES HAVERLY, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary on the Estate of James Haverly, late of Howard township, Centre county, Pa, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing at Howard P. O., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims or demands to make the same known without delay.

Aug. 23d, 1879. JOSEPH ROYER, JOHN HAVERLY, Executors.

34-4t

AGENTS WANTED For the *Best* and *Fastest-Selling* Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 34-4w

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CAPCINE PCROUS PLASTERS

—THE BEST—

Cures Lame And Weak Back

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 30

Agents Wanted for Smith's Bible Dictionary, and HOLMAN'S PICTORIAL BIBLES. NEW

Prices reduced; Circulars free 34 4t

A. J. HOLMAN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEACHERS WANTED $50 to $100 or $200 per MONTH during FALL and WINTER. Address, 34 4 J. C. M'Curdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED *at once* for the only richly illustrated, authentic, and low-priced work fully describing THE GREAT TOUR OF

General Grant Around the World

by Hon. J. T. Headley, *the prince of descriptive authors Lose no time*, as the demand is simply *immense*, and *territory* is being rapidly taken. Will outsell any other book. For full particulars address 34 4t

HUBBARD BROS. 733 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

LOST.—Certificate of deposit of First National Bank of Bellefonte, No. 4,673, to the amount of $130, to any order, dated May 29th, 1879.

32-3t HENRIETTA HINA.

COMMISSION

—AND—

Auction Room!

—o—

EVERYTHING YOU WANT.

—o—

Thomas Burnside, Ag't.,

35-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

GRANT'S TOUR

AROUND THE WORLD.

A complete record of the journey of General U. S. GRANT through England Ireland, Scotland, France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, Russia, Egypt, India, China and Japan, with graphic description of the places visited, manners and customs of the countries, interesting incidents, enthusiastic orations by Emperors, Kings, and the people of all climes, richly embellished with numerous artistic illustrations; also, a fine, handsomely engraved portrait of General Grant; will positively outsell all books.

AGENTS WANTED to sell this, the cheapest, the best, and the only authentic, low-priced book on the subject. 600 pages. Price $1.50. Address,

35 4t H. W. Kelley & Co.,

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ANTHRACITE COAL!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

☞ WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED. ☜

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

---

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.—The Hop Bitters Manufacturing Company is one of Rochester's greatest business enterprises. Their Hop Bitters have reached a sale beyond all precedent, having from their intrinsic value found their way into almost every household in the land.—*Graphic.* 27-5-t

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NO HOSPITAL NEEDED.—No palatial needed for Hop Bitters patients, nor larger-salaried talented puffers to tell what Hop Bitters will do or cure, as they tell their own story by their certain and absolute cures at home. 27-2-t

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MANY A DOLLAR formerly spent on expensive sulphur baths may now be saved by substituting therefor

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP,

which is just as beneficial but infinitely cheaper. Local diseases of the skin, rheumatism and gout are all relieved by this standard remedy. Complexional blemishes are eradicated by it, and imparts to the cuticle a pearly whiteness and velvety softness which greatly enhances female charms. Sold by druggists. 32 4t

---

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Friday, Aug. 22d, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M., a piece of valuable real estate near Eagleville, being the one undivided fourth part, the property of Lydia A. Rupert, deceased, late of Liberty township, containing 29 acres and 65 perches, thereon erected a good dwelling house.

TERMS OF SALE: One half of purchase money upon confirmation of sale, other half in one year with interest, to be secured by mortgage on premises. W. H. FEARON, 32-3t Administrator.

PIANOS and ORGANS. $1,100 Pianos only $222.50; $350 Organs only $96.25; $325 Organs only $73.75. Tremendous Reductions during the Midsummer Months. Having been Elected MAYOR of my city and entrusted with its bonds should be sufficient proof of my responsibility. Latest circulars and illustrated Newspaper *free*. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 30 4w

---

$1200 returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address, T. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y. 34 4w

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JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

For Internal and External Use.

CURES—Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Sore Lungs bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, A Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. 30 4t

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FRUIT

AND

CONFECTIONERY

AT

WILSON'S,

BROWN'S BLOCK,

Corner ALLEGHENY and BISHOP STS

CALIFORNIA FRUITS

30-3m IN SEASON.

CAUTION.—I hereby caution all persons not to meddle with the following property, now in the possession of G. W. Rumberger, as I purchased the same on the 6th of last March, and left them with him until I see proper to remove them, to wit: One horse, 1 buggy, 1 spring wagon, 2 cows, 1 heifer, 6 hogs, and his household and kitchen furniture.

35-3t HENRY A MAGAST.

STATE FAIR.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE

Penn'a State Agricultural Society

WILL BE HELD IN THE

Main Exhibition Building,

FAIRMOUNT PARK, Philadephia,

SEPTEMBER 8th TO 20th, 1879, INCLUSIVE.

Entries and Competition FREE!

Entry Books will close at the office, Northwest corner Tenth and Chestnut Streets, September 2d, 1879.

$15,000 *IN CASH PREMIUMS.*

Cash Prizes for Live Stock, $9000.

A Ring, for exercise and parade of Horses and Cattle, will be provided.

Liberal Premiums are also offered for Fruits, Flowers, and Ornamental plants, products of the Farm and Dairy, Tools, Implements and Machinery, Textiles, Furniture, Manufactured Goods, &c., &c.

Excursion Tickets at greatly reduced rates on all roads centering at Philadelphia and liberal arrangements for transportation have been made.

D. W. SEILER, Recording Secretary,
ELBRIDGE M'CONKEY, Rec. Sec'y,
33 3 WILLIAM. S. BISSELL, President.

KANSAS.

THE WEEKLY CAPITAL is a first-class Newspaper, giving latest and most reliable State news. Sent to any address, postage paid, six months for 50 cents. One year for $1.00. Sample copy free. HUDSON & EWING, Topeka, Kansas. 33-4t

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the sheriff arising from the sale of the Real Estate of L. A. Shearer among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office in Bellefonte on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1879, at two o'clock P. M.

27-3 W. C. HEINLE, Auditor

ESTATE OF MRS. ELIZA M. THOMAS. Letters of administration upon the estate of Mrs. Eliza M. Thomas, widow of William A. Thomas, late of the borough of Bellefonte, having been this day granted by the Register of Wills of Centre county to the undersigned, all persons having demands against said deceased are requested to present them legally authenticated, without delay.

27-6t JOHN B. LINN, Administrator.

Bellefonte, Pa., June 26, '79.

EDWARD J. EVANS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

NURSERYMEN AND SEEDSMEN,

YORK, PENN'A.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, Field, Garden and Flower seeds, Hardy Flowering Plants &c. Reliable agents wanted. 11-26-3m

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Cancers Removed

WITHOUT THE KNIFE, AND IN MANY cases without Pain. Apply to C. P. W. FISHER, M. D., Bealsburg, Centre Co., Pa. 28-3m*

Music About to be Revived!

PROF. STRADLING,

Formerly of Bristol, Pa., is prepared to give instruction to all persons desiring, on the Piano, Organ, and all Brass and String Instruments. Pianos tuned—Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

Orders may be left at the residence of Mr. R A. Laird, Bellefonte, Pa. 28-3m*

Blairsville Ladies' Seminary

Beautiful grounds; commodious buildings; thorough instruction; new and superior pianos for practice.

The department of music will be in charge of Miss Mary R. Jenks, who, after unusual success in teaching, spent two years in study in the Conservatory of Leipzig, Germany. The Faculty of the Conservatory testify in strongest terms of her talent, acquisitions, and skill as a musical artist.

The twenty-ninth year begins September 3d, 1879. Terms moderate. For catalogues apply to 29-2m REV. T. R. EWING Principal

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$100 often makes $500 profit in a week in stocks. Write for explanatory circulars sent free. Hickling & Co., 42 Exchange Place, N. Y. "They enjoy the full confidence of their patrons."—*N. Y. Star.* 34-4t

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Dr. E. I. KIRK'S

DRUG STORE,

BUSH'S ARCADE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

PURE DRUGS,

FINE STATIONERY,

DELIGHTFUL PERFUMES

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Farms $400 to $1000 JOIN OUR COLONY

Maps and pamphlets Free. J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Va.

32 4

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business June 14, 1879

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$259,190.04
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	28,125.00
Due from approved reserve agents,	18,051.76
" " other National Banks	919.90
" " State Banks and Bankers	4,763.21
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	26,229.35
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	2,684.01
Checks and other cash Items	10,356.06
Bills of other Banks	620.00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	542.55
Specie	5,193.00
Legal tender notes	27,909.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500.00
Due from U. S. Treas'y other than 5 per cent. reduction fund	600.00
Total	$489,683.90

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits	7,160 33
National Bank notes outstanding	90,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	86,392.66
Time certificates of deposits	137,205.62
Due to other National Banks	18,562.63
Due to State Banks and Bankers	422.66
Total	$489,683.90

State of Pennsylvania, [*S. S.*]

COUNTY OF CENTRE.

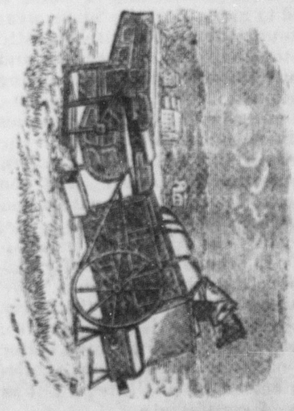
I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of June, 1879.

EOLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—attest,

E. C. HUMES,
JAS. A. BEAVER,
ADAM HOY. } Directors.



FARMERS AND THRESHERS

wishing to purchase first-class articles

Threshers and Cleaners,

also one and two-horse tread power and threshers, will do well to call on or address the manufacturer.

These separators can be attached to four horse powers. All machines warranted.

J. M. HULSHIZER, Manufacturer,

11-26-3m* Light Street, Columbia Co., Pa

James Zimmerman, Agent, Milesburg, Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

A Few Words with Wheat Growers.

There is no question as to the advantage of early plowing for wheat, but when we are, as now, in the latter half of August, the time has passed to recommend or practice it, and it only remains for farmers to do the best they can. We believe that a much better crop of wheat can be grown on land plowed in July, than if left until the latter part of August or the first of September. There are two reasons why land plowed late is not so good for wheat. One is that it can not be so well compacted, and there is more space for water in it, which, expanding with frost, breaks the roots and kills the wheat. The other is that it is impossible to get the land as fine at the surface, and the seed, when sown on fresh-plowed land, must be covered deeper to insure germination; and on fresh-plowed land, which is loose as deep as plowed, the seed cannot be covered at a uniform depth. Careful experiment has proved that shallow sowing gives the best results, and uniform shallow sowing is only possible on a fine, mellow surface. Perhaps a majority of farmers are now plowing their wheat land, and what we set out to write was something that we think would be of benefit to them. How can they best fit their land for seeding? We would suggest first, shallow plowing. While we do not advocate this as a rule, we are convinced that when land must be sown in wheat soon after plowing, it is best to plow shallow, so as to be able to thoroughly pulverize the soil turned up and to give a solid foundation for it. It is much easier to pulverize three or four inches of soil than seven or eight. Second, pulverize your soil as fast as you plow it. Keep a roller, drag or harrow in the field, and each half day pulverize what you plow. The farmer who plows his wheat land early can afford to wait and take his chance for suitable weather, but with only a few days intervening between plowing and sowing, you must take advantage of every favorable circumstance. Third, don't get in a hurry. If your neighbors get their grain in before you do, do not let it worry you. Remember that all you can do to secure a good crop must be done before seeding, and take time to put your land in good condition. We would much sooner run the risk of a crop put in as it should be, in October, than hurried in on illy-prepared soil the middle of September. While it is easier to grow a profitable crop of wheat on early-plowed land, perseverance and a free use of the plank drag and roller will bring your soil into favorable condition and enable you to grow a good crop on your later plowed fields.—*Practical Farmer.*

Horses Without Shoes.

There continues to be a good deal said on the subject of abandoning the shoeing of horses. A Boston man, some time ago declared that a horse, whether on the farm or road or in the hard work on the stone pavements of the city, could stand the labor just as well without as with shoes, in winter and summer. If this is a fact it would be a marvelous discovery, to be made only in this day of enlightenment and of invention and discovery; but we fancy that there is next to nothing in it, as we have heard no more from the Boston man. But the matter has been warmly urged in other places, especially in England, and notably in London, where much comment has been made on the proposition. One person, who gives his name, writes in the *Times* of that city, saying that when a horse belonging to him required a renewal of the shoes, he had them entirely removed, and turned him out a month to pasture, when he was given a mile or two of driving while the hoof was hardening. During the month's pasturing the hoof had been worn down beyond the holes where the nails had been clinched, and of course left the shell very thin and tender, but after this the hoof grew thick and hard, quite unlike what it had been before, when he put the animal to full work, and he stands it well, and is more sure-footed. He had been regularly shod before.

All horsemen know that after the shoes are removed and a horse is turned to grass that the hoofs wear very much the first month, so as to leave the shell thin and tender; and they also know that if this pasturing is continued for two or three months, the hoof grows again and becomes very thick and hard. This is the normal condition of the hoof. But few horsemen are aware, that the shoe can be dispensed with upon our hard roads, paved streets, etc. We regard it as next to an impossibility. If otherwise it is hardly conceivable that shoeing would have ever been thought of, and the heavy expense attending it submitted to. No, gentlemen, we must have better proof of your proposition or discovery before we shall regard it as worthy of consideration.

For a kicking horse fill an old sack with hay and suspend it from the loft by means of a rope, in such a manner that the horse will be able to kick it every time it swings against him. Let him kick until he stops of his own accord, and you will have no more trouble with him that way.

Land laid down with clover is better than money in bank, drawing more interest than any bank can pay and compounding the interest oftener.

Propagating the Rose.

There are various methods recommended for propagating the rose, which the refined of the world have always recognized as the Queen of Flowers. The mode common with nurserymen is undoubtedly the best for them; but for private families, where the number of roses is limited, there are other modes preferred, which seem to be easier in accomplishing the same end.

As to the first-named plan, the wood of this year's growth, and the youngest and tenderest of that, is used (as it is in the other plans), three or four inches in length, having at least a bud on the bottom to supply the roots, and one at the top to supply the stem and branches or growth of the plant. A saucer or shallow pan is supplied with sharp sand, the lower end of the cutting imbedded in it, placed in the sun and liberally moistened with water two or three times a day when the temperature is high. When the end of the cutting becomes calloused, thus showing signs of emitting roots, carefully transplant to small pots, one cutting each, filled with good light garden soil, or, what is better, the dark soil from the woods. The pots should be frequently watered, especially when the sun is very hot, and from ten to two o'clock put in the shade, and in the following spring transfer to a larger pot to give room to the increasing roots.

A common way among rural families in to stick the cuttings in August, say under a currant bush, where the ground is moist and they can have some shade, and if sufficiently watered, they seldom fail in growing. We have seen this successfully done on many occasions.

Another way, and one which for private families is the best and generally gives a year's advance in the plant, is to bend the shoots from the bush, setting them longitudinally at the bend, and insert in the ground from one to two inches. This can be done now and at any time during the growing season, covering a little with leaves or straw in the winter, and digging up in the spring, where there will be two strong-growing plants, on dividing the roots. Transfer to pots in the spring, and they will probably bloom the first season; they most certainly will if dug up and potted after growth has ceased in the fall, if placed in a greenhouse through the winter. Some persons cut off the wood or branch from the bush, and after bending and asserting it in the ground as before, stated stick both ends in holes made for the purpose.

The best time to set out cuttings is the months of August and September; but it can be done at any time after the young wood has grown enough to answer the purpose.

Keeping on the Farm.

The census table suggests serious thoughts to every true patriot. In the older States the cities are growing rapidly, while the country population is diminishing. The young men leave the farms and crowd the stores of the cities. Many farms are deserted, and houses are going to decay, while in the cities thousands of young men are vainly seeking for employment.

One reason for the desertion of the country is that young men grow weary of a monotonous life. Farm houses have few papers and few books; no public libraries are within reach, and there are no lectures or concerts. It is all work and no play, and the young men long for more variety in life.

A farmer of superior intelligence and refinement, who has kept all his boys at home, tells how he done it: "My oldest is nearly twenty-one, and many other boys in the neighborhood younger than he have left their parents. Mine have stuck to me when I most needed their services, and I attributed this result to the fact that I have tried to make their home pleasant. I have furnished them with attractive and useful reading, and when night comes and the day's work is ended instead of running with other boys to the railroad station and adjoining towns, they gathered around the great lamp and became interested in their books and papers."

If farmhouses are made attractive to young people they will cling to them, and think little of emigration. Pleasant homes, with a little amusement to revive hard toil, will hold the sons to their father's occupation.

Farm Notes.

To cure scab in sheep, rub it with plain petroleum with a sponge three times a week. Dogs can be cured of mange in the same way.

The manure of cows and pigs resist decomposition for a longer time than that of the sheep and horse, both the latter being drier than the former, and decomposing more readily in the soil.

One of the plainest indications of unsuccessful farming is to see manure going to waste or unemployed. When this is seen there is no need looking beyond the stables and yards to find out the condition of the farm or to judge of the success of its owner.

A writer well acquainted in dairy matters says that during the summer, in order to obtain the best results from them, milk cows ought to be fed on meal and bran. They should stand in a darkened stable, between eleven and four o'clock, during fly time, and within these hours they may be fed. This is far better than to let them graze during the entire day, and they will prove it by results; and when you see a cow scratching against a tree be sure that she needs currying. She will stand the operation as a kitten will stand stroking. A cow needs as much currying and cleaning as a horse.

In Borneo.

A Rochester Naturalist Hunting Orang-Outangs.

Mr. W. H. Hornaday, a Rochester naturalist, has recently returned from a two years' trip in Asia and Africa, bringing with him a large museum of anatomical wonders. In Borneo, that vast equatorial island in the Malay archipelago, three times as large as all Great Britain, he found the orang running wild in the tropical woods. Among his specimens are some remarkably fine ones. Concerning these a Rochester reporter persuaded him to talk, as follows:

"To get down to business, Mr. Hornaday, I'd like to listen to your own account of orang-outang hunting in Borneo," quoth the young man with the pencil and note book.

"All right; fire away with your questions, and I'll keep even with you," replied the naturalist, as he gave another twist to the flax padding with which he was winding the wooden arm skeleton and iron rod to fill out one of the arms of the largest beast's hide.

"When and how did you get settled down to business as a hunter in Borneo?"

"It was in the fall of 1878—I think in the month of September, that I shot this specimen upon which I am now working. He was in size and weight next to the largest one I secured—weight a little more than 170 pounds. The orangs inhabit the river country and the adjacent marshes, where there is quite a growth of scrubby forest. One day, as several of my native assistants and myself were paddling our boat lazily down the river, we heard one of these howls, or growls, or bellows which could not be mistaken for anything else than the voice of a good big mias. We were on a steady watch, and by and by I caught a glimpse of one of those great red, shaggy knees in a tree top. Then I saw the ugly old monster lazily reaching from bough to bough, and the sight of such an orang, reaching six or seven feet every time, was a spectacle to behold. I waited my opportunity, fixed my gun snugly against my shoulder, and drew a bead on his majesty. The rifle ball lodged in his great broad chest, and his huge, ugly form swayed a little in the struggle between life and death. Then down it came with a rattling crash, almost falling into our boat, which would certainly have swamped us. Oh! how I would love to shoot that old fellow over again just now. There was game for you such as the American hunter would hardly feel encouraged to dream of. I had six or eight of the natives to assist me, and they at once declared that this was the largest mias they had ever seen. Accordingly they gave him the name 'Rajah Pedang,' or, in other words, the governor of Pedang. They are almost sure to call a big thing either in the form of man or beast a rajah."

"The orang must be a beast of very ugly disposition when captured alive, is he not?"

"Yes, sometimes. I got one alive during my stay at Borneo. He was a young one—not larger than an 8 or 10 year old boy. When we discovered him he was in a tree which stood out alone by itself. The darkies cut the tree down and there he was. We had forked clubs all ready for him, and we put one of these over his neck, thus pinning him to the ground. I would rather have put my hand against a buzz saw than into his mouth. He was as mad as a tiger, and he made no pains to conceal his ferocity. On the contrary, he displayed it to the very best advantage. After we had secured him safely we tantalized him just to see how far he would go in his anger. He actually became so enraged that he held one of his own fingers in his mouth and bit it through to the solid bone. Then when we got him into the boat, he managed to get hold of one of the fingers of his dead mother lying beside him, and bit that quite as fiercely as he did his own. I tied a rope around his neck and took him to headquarters. There I assigned him to a bathroom where he could have everything his own way. But he was surly, and wouldn't eat much of anything, though I did my best to have him supplied with the delicacies of the season, and especially with boiled rice, which is deemed good for the orang-outang when in captivity. But he only hung upon the rafters with those arms of his, and would not eat, except when he tried to eat me. I couldn't induce him to become an admirer of mine, and he pined away, as orang-outangs always do in captivity. Their disposition seems to be such that they prefer death to bondage, and this is probably the reason they are so seldom seen even in the best of menageries. One night we heard a heavy thud in the bathroom, and when we went to see what was the matter, there lay the little mias, whose own obstinacy had been the death of him."

Mr. Rudolph Oberly, residing on the Easton road beyond Farmersville, Northampton county, is the owner of a mixed Alderney calf that is a wonder in its way. It is but sixteen months old, yields a quart of milk per day, from the cream of which the most delicious butter is churned.

Small lace shawls, black or white, are brought up on the shoulder in folds, and the corners belted in on the front, the point hanging loose only just below the line of the waist.

Nearly all of the hostile Indians who came south from Canada to hunt buffalo have re-crossed the line.

Terrible Fate of a Show Elephant

Cooper, Bailey & Co., proprietors of the London and International Australian shows, have sustained a heavy loss in the death of the elephant Romeo, which took place under peculiarly horrible circumstances in Boonville, Mo. Romeo was one of the ten trained elephants whose performances so far have been one of the most attractive of the show, and was valued at $35,000. One of the appurtenances of the show is an immense electric apparatus which is used in connection with the electric light that supplies illumination for the entire canvas of the circus. This machine consists of a large magnet and an immense armature, which is made to revolve two hundred and fifty times in a minute by means of a thirty-five horse power engine. The apparatus is of intense electrical power, a knife blade held within two feet of it becoming so heavily charged with the current that it can be used thereafter as a loadstone. Professor Sherman was getting his battery in readiness for the afternoon performance, had "fired up," set the machine in motion, and click, click went the lights one after the other as the electricity flew along the insulated cables. When all was in working shape the professor sauntered off leisurely, and had not his attention called to the machine again until he heard an unearthly roar and a crash coming from the direction of the battery. He was startled, as was a so the small army of workmen inside the tents, and the large army of boys and idlers on the outside. Everybody rushed to the spot. The roars continued to resound through the canvas, and for a while the greatest consternation held the crowd. On approaching the vicinity or the electric machine Romeo was found in the throes of death agony, and with his trunk torn away by the roots from its base. The poor beast lay there shorn of its strength, and presenting a horrible, mutilated appearance. Everything was done that it was possible to do for the dying animal, but its agonies were terrible, and when at length it gasped its last there was a feeling of relief among those who surrounded its mountainous corpse. Joseph Kinslow, the leader of the band, who witnessed the accident, says that Romeo, who was roaming around in the tent with his nine giant companions, shambled up to the machine and was sniffing at the armature when his his trunk was caught in the revolving apparatus, and the animal was thrown violently to the ground and the trunk carried away by the whirling machinery. Professor Sherman righted his apparatus in a short time, and a few necessary repairs were immediately made. Romeo was buried within the show ground.—St. Louis *Globe-Democrat.*

Wateringplace Notes.

Dress coats are not useful at the Branch.

Invitations to country cousins a not so frequent nor so urgent as the were in June.

Mr. John B. Myers, of Philadelphia, has a cottage at Ocean city, Mr. Granville Stokes a cottage and a yacht.

Every degree that the mercury rose in the tube Thursday was worth thousands of dollars to the seashore hotels.

The race track at Saratoga is to be prepared for trotting, and thrown open for contests between gentlemen amateurs.

The Congressional Committee on the Rules—Speaker Randall, Messrs. Frye, Blackburn and Stephens—dined with Mr. George W. Childs at the Branch on Sunday night, and on Monday were the guests of Mr. Drexel.

The Church Choir "Pinafore" Company drew the largest audience that ever witnessed an entertainment at the Branch.

A Baltimore lady at Narragansett Pier spends her time in getting in and out of the products of two French dressmakers that she has with her.

The season has not been prolific of engagements, but many a mamma has hopes that the seed has been scattered that will bring forth fruit during the winter.

Quite a fancy exists at present for trimming the full front of an overskirt with two rows of lace or embroidery bordering, thus stimulating double or triple scarfs across the front,

Presbury & Hildreth, of the West End, have given a handsome silver cup to be shot for by the New York and Long Branch Gun Club at Deal Beach Shooting Park on Monday.

Among the prominent people still sojourning at the Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, are Governor Matthews, Senator Randolph, General Chalmers, General Mart. Geary, Hon. George M. Adams, Gen. Rev. Robertson, Bishop Keane, Dr. Hoge, General Robert Toombs, and Governor Joseph E. Brown.

Mr. Hastings is perfectly satisfied that the Grand Jury of Monmouth county would only do their duty if they would indict the Long Branch Commissioners. No town or borough, says he, ever had such a feeble, inefficient and worthless set of officers. Ocean avenue is a monument of their imbecility, which he that runs can read. Some people suspect they are in collusion with the carriage-makers.

The Theory Business.

The Detroit *Free Press* says: The murder of Mrs. Hull has developed a fact which some people didn't know before—that every detective has from one to half a dozen theories to chase every criminal with. A farmer out beyond Springwells had probably posted himself on this fact before visiting the Central Station yesterday to give notice that some one had stolen his only hog.

"My theory," he said, after leaving the item, "is that the thief took that hog from the pen about midnight, run him into the stock-yards, hung around till daylight and then sold him to a butcher, but, of course, you police can work on any line you see fit."

He went away to look into several butcher shops, and in about an hour returned and said:

"Say, I've got a different theory in that hog case. I've been thinking it all over and I've concluded that the hog was chloroformed, put on wheelbarrow and taken down and dumped into the river by some one who wanted revenge on me. Yes, I believe that's the correct theory, but if you police don't think so you can go on as you like."

He went away again, and this time he had a talk with a stall owner in the Central Market. The result was a third visit to the station, and the farmer said: "See here, I've got one more theory about that hog. I believe two of my neighbors down there stole him and butchered him and divided the meat and I'm going home to get out a search warrant."

He departed for home and then the station took a rest till about sundown, when lo! the man drove up in a buggy. When asked if he had any further news, he replied:

"I rather guess I have! I guess I've got another theory about that hog. My fourth theory is that he got out of the pen last night and rooted his way into the oat field across the road. That's where I found him when I got him, and you police needn't bother any more about it."

A ship carpenter at Belfast, Me., has concluded to spend the rest of his life in a chair. When wages were reduced he declined to work any longer, and seated himself in a rocking-chair near his sitting-room window. There he remains all day long, only rising to go to his meals or to bed. His chair rockers have worn groves in the floor, and on the window sill, where he drums idly as he rocks to and fro, are the imprints of his fingers. He is supposed to have some savings on which he and his wife live.

The Rev. Leonard Bacon, of Norwich, was defeated in his attempt to secure the enforcement of the old Connecticut Sunday law of 1702, which provides a fine for any unnecessary travel on the Sabbath. He made a strong address in favor of stopping the Sunday steamboat trips, but the city attorney sensibly decided that it was not to the interest of the city, civil or religious, to use coercive measures in dealing with the Sunday question, and he declined to prosecute.

A dead African eagle was lately found at Maina, on the southern Greek coast. On examing the bird an iron-headed arrow over a foot long was found transfixed under one of the wings. Evidently the eagle had been fired at and struck in Africa by some native, and had borne the arrow in its body in its long flight over the Mediterranean until it fell dead from exhaustion on touching land at Maine.

Two sons of the Siamese twins, Chang and Eng, are now living in Summer county, Kansas. They recently appeared in the United States land office, at Wichita, in a contest in which one of them was a defendant and the other was a witness. They are spoken of as intelligent, wide-awake citizens, and fully up to the spirit of the times.

The great balloon, the Pioneer, at Manhattan Beach, while making an ascension yesterday afternoon, burst when it was four feet from the ground. The gas rushed out, almost suffocating those in the amphitheatre, and the netting fell down over the basket, which dropped to the ground. The balloon cost several thousand dollars.

It is said that if the real ivory handles of knives get stained, they may be cleaned by using a paste made of salvolatile, prepared chalk and oil; rub the paste on the ivory with a feather; when dry add more, and having left the whole to become thoroughly dry, rub it off.

A flexible carbon, for electric light, is a new and important invention, just patented in England. It can be rolled up and stored in a small space.

The management of the State Fair are to be congratulated in advance. The indications are that the coming display will be the finest in the history of the society.

The new government buildings, with a dozen stores and as many buildings, at St. Pierre, Miquelon, were burned on Friday night.

During a storm on Friday night the lightning struck a stable near Thornton, Va., killing two young men and seriously injuring two others.

The Coroner's jury in the case of George Trull, of Elizabeth, N. J., whose body was found in the water at New Haven, on Friday, returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Reports from all parts of the State indicate an unusually dull summer in building enterprises.

Food for Thought.

Man was ever great by imitation.

Be rigid to yourself and gentle to your neighbors.

It is more profitable to look up our defects than to boast of our attainments.

If every year we rooted out one vice, we would soon become perfect men.

No one will dare maintain that it is better to do justice than to bear it.

Let us search ourselves in the first place, and afterwards the world.

Ragged clothing cannot debase a man as much as a frayed reputation.

If evil be said of thee, and it is true, correct it; if it be a lie, laugh at it.

Employment is Nature's physician, and is essential to human happiness.

A man owes his success in his life work to the woman who walks beside him.

The sweetest thing on earth is a little child when it has learned to know and love.

Bodily enjoyment depends upon good health, and health depends upon temperance.

Knowledge will always predominate over ignorance, as man governs the other animals.

Human life is everywhere a state in which much is to be endured and little to be enjoyed.

After friendship and love come benevolence and that compassion which unites the soul to the unfortunate.

How contagious is the laugh of some people; how jurring that of others, like playing on a worn out piano.

The innocence and purity of childhood brings bitter heart pangs to the sin-hardened man and worldly woman.

People who cannot heartily love and hate will never command the first or know the clearing influence of the latter.

It is better to wear out than to rust out. We must not only strike the iron while it is hot, but strike until it is made hot.

Life would surely be a dreary waste if one could not have his picture taken every time a new collar is introduced into the market.

Only they who carry sincerity to the highest point, in whom there remains a single hair's breadth of hypocrisy, can see the hidden springs of things.

Good pictures are great teachers. A fine work of art hanging in one's house speaks to him constantly in language of tender beauty that wins its way to the heart.

A superior capacity for business, and a more extensive knowledge, are steps by which a new man often mounts to favor and outshines the rest of his contemporaries.

How few realize that the strata of love and hate lie so close together that it takes but little to bring the latter uppermost, when under the pressure of unkindness or injustice.

Great works are performed, not by strength, but by perseverance; he that shall walk with vigor three hours a day, will pass in seven years a space equal to the circumference of the globe.

The liberty of using harmless pleasures will not be disputed; but it is still to be examined what pleasures are harmless. The evil of any pleasure is not in the act itself, but in its consequences.

Such is the state of life that none are happy but by the anticipation of change. The change itself is nothing; when we have made it the next wish is to change again. The world is not yet exhausted.

Whatever facilitates our work is more than an omen; it is a cause of success. This is one of those pleasing surprises which often happens to active resolution. Many things difficult to design prove easy to performance.

No form of government has yet been discovered by which cruelty can be wholly prevented. Subordination supposes power on one part and subjection on the other; and if power be in the hands of men it will sometimes be abused.

We smile at the ignorance of the savage who cuts down the tree in order to reach the fruit; but the fact is that a blunder of this description is made by every person who is ever eager and impatient in the pursuit of pleasure.

In the decline of life, shame and grief are of short duration; whether it be that we bear easily what we have borne long, or that, finding ourselves in age less regarded, we less regard others; or, that we look with slight regard upon afflictions, to which we know that the hand of death is about to put an end.

The life that is devoted to knowledge passes silently away, and is very little diversified by events. To talk in public, to think in solitude, to read and to hear, to inquire and to answer inquiries, is the business of a scholar. He wanders about the world without pomp or terror, and is neither known nor valued but by men like himself.

Small capes are fashionably worn made of black Brussels net, mounted with rows of lace and edged with deeper rows, which make a scant ruffle.

Late Summer Breezes.

There is not a vacant cottage at Newport.

Guests were turned away from Saratoga last week.

Judge Black and Bishop Simpson are at Ocean Grove.

The American tourist is met at every street corner in Quebec.

Fashion no longer insists upon the drive to the Old Fort at Newport.

The fare has been worse than ever at the White Sulphur this summer.

The Hotel Brighton proposes to have its own water works next summer.

Bar-keepers at the mountain hotels have already begun making hot drinks.

Sharon hotel-keepers will have a nice little sum to share on the close of the season.

Wilhemj is a landholder, having purchased the Glen Mitchell property at Saratoga for $12,000.

The season has been very good at the White Sulphur, but it will close earlier than usual this year.

One of the sights at Manhattan Beach the other day was a big dragon kite flown by a Chinaman.

The gamblers have not had a very brilliant season of it. Even at Long Branch the profits have been light.

Mr. Theodore A. Havemeyer, of New York, drives the hadsomest pair of horses at Newport this summer.

Superintendent Kenney has returned from his summer trip, but his family remain at Manchester, Mass.

A Coney Island hotel has 730 waiters, who attend to 960 tables, at which 32,000 people can be fed in a day.

Mark Hassler came up from the Cape a week ago, and the signs of the end of the season are multiplying.

John Kelly wears no diamonds, but the rest of the Tammany chieftans show enough to keep up the average.

Governor Hoyt, Ex-Governors Hoffman and Hartranft reviewed the 13th regiment at Long Branch yesterday, from the piazza of the Ocean House.

The attractions of Locust Grove, where the hotel was burned the other day, are the beautiful bay and magnificent still-water bathing.

Dresses at Newport are made of bandanna handkerchiefs, big pads and gay colors, cheese cloth, unbleached muslin, awning cloth or bed-ticking.

A dollar a visit is all that is charged by Miss Thompson, who "shapes and polishes ladies' finger nails at their residences" at Newport.

The people of Gravesend are beginning to haul the Commissioners of the town over the coals for letting the lots on Coney Island at such low rates. One Irishman of the place pays the town $21 a year for a lot which he has relet at $14,000.

It is a fond delusion to suppose that the freedom of a bathing suit will induce ladies to dodge the demands of pinching fashion. They are more likely to wear a corset under their bathing dress than to discard it with their every-day clothes.

The Salisbury, Md., *Advertiser* says: "One day last week James Stewart, a 12 year old son of James Stewart, residing near Willy's Neck, Lake district, Dorchester county, was sent into an out field to make a smother, to keep the mosquitoes from the cattle. Not coming back after a reasonable time had elapsed, the father went into the field to search for him. He was found, lying face downward on the ground, dead, his mouth, throat, nose and ears literally packed with mosquitoes."

Mr. Sinclair, of Muscatine, Iowa awoke in the night and saw the form of a person at the window. Thinking he had caught a burglar, he drew a revolver from under his pillow, took careful aim, fired, and hit his wife, who was opening the shutters of his bed-room.

Every day a little self-denial. The thing that is difficult to do to-day will be an easy thing to do three hundred and sixty-five days hence, if each day it shall have been repeated. What power of self-mastery shall he enjoy who, looking to God for His grace, seeks every day to practice the grace he prays for.

Insurance.

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INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

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-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

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ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

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Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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FASHIONABLE BARBER,

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

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FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

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Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

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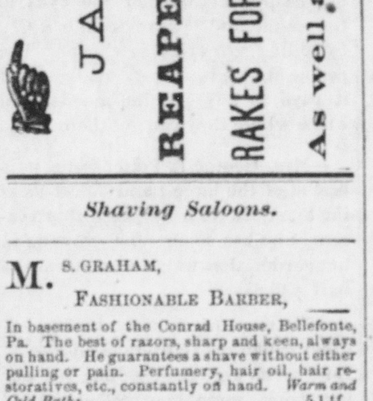

Miscellaneous.

DYEING.

Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

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Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lutzers, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'rs, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., they have started a Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan Hale & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa., where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING, PAVING, &c. White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, Scantling; Weather-boards, Surfaced Boards and Strippling; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Walnoting; Posts, Rails, Palings and Scantling; Roofing and Plastering Lath, Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.

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LIME, HAIR, GLAZIERS' PUTTY,

CELLAR GRATES.

☞A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange 10-16 1y

Planing Mill.

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Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

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THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving, and Money-Saving Threshers of this day and generation. Beyond all rivalry for Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.

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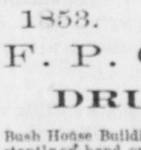

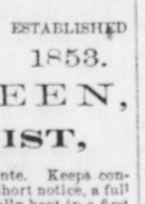

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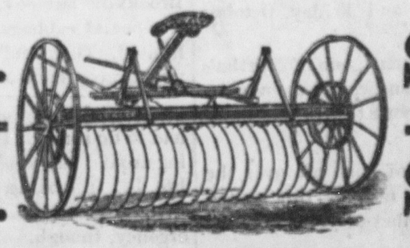

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ever brought to this town. Our stock of

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GLASS, &C., IS UNEQUALLED.

Call and examine our stock, and you will save money in buying from

Wilson, Mcfarane & Co.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

Republicans, to-morrow is the last day for registration. See to it that your name is on the list.

—Bright, moonlight nights again.

—The weather is getting decidedly fallish.

—The camp-meeting excitement is about over.

—Clearfield had a car load of peaches last week.

—Our merchants are laying in their stock for fall trade.

—Centre Hall, so it is reported, is to have a grist mill.

—There was a great deal of pleasure riding on Sunday.

—Greeley plug hats are worn by a great many about town.

—Did you observe the beautiful sunset on Sunday evening?

—The Adams express wagon has been repainted and relettered.

—Matters are progressing finely at the new planing mill in this place.

—There will probably be a large crowd at Pleasant Gap on Saturday.

—Drives in the country are very enjoyable at this season of the year.

—An Artesian well is being sunk at Curtins' iron works by a Pittsburgh firm.

—How would it do for citizens to paste the tramp law up on their front gate?

—Picnic of the Veterans next Saturday, if the sun shines clear and bright.

—Peter Herdic departed on Saturday night, and went on his way rejoicing.

—When you smoke, smoke a good cigar. Harry Green keeps none but the best.

—Mr. and Mrs. ex-Governor Curtin have returned from their sojourn at Saratoga.

—Every third man we met in town last week was a lawyer; the rest were witnesses.

—The Agnes Wallace troupe exhibited in Lock Haven on Thursday night last.

—Harry Greens' cigars smoke well, have a fine flavor, and everybody likes them.

—We see by one of our exchanges that Johnstown is to have an organ manufactory.

—Three hundred and fifty tents were occupied at Wayne camp-meeting this year.

—There were services in the Episcopal church on Sunday, Rev. Hewitt having returned.

—Several cases of the typhoid fever were reported in the vicinity of the College last week.

—Rev. Campbell, of Unionville, preached again in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Rothrock, of Howard, have returned from a visit to friends in the West.

—Lyon & Co. are on the improve, and have given their dry goods establishment a coat of paint.

—Housewives are now jamming their berries to jell. Possibly that may read a little strange.

—The report of the shot-gun is now heard in the woods, and the frisky squirrel will have to get up and dust.

—Curwensville had a blaze a week ago last Saturday night. The engine house of the planing mill at that place burned down.

—The Centre County Agricultural Fair will be held this year on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 1st, 2d and 3d.

—Mr. J. W. Stuart, one of Martha's prominent citizens, called upon us on Friday. He reports things very quiet about Martha.

—The yield of corn all over the county will be heavier this season than for a number of years. So say the old farmers.

—John F. Meginness, of the Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin*, was in town last week reporting the Herdic suit for his paper.

—The boys are out with their "vegetable" lanterns, which reminds us that the good, old-fashioned pumpkin pie will soon be here.

—Misses Ida Landis and Jennie Dare have returned after a several weeks' sojourn at the Chinclecamouch House, Snow Shoe.

—We are pleased to announce that George Weaver, the young man who was recently injured by a fall from a scaffold, is able to be about again.

He Knew Him.

"Hello, yerself," said a son of Emerald Isle to Ham Foresman, who had accosted him in an uptown hotel one night last week.

"And when, sthranger, did yes iver see the loikes of meself before?"

"When did I ever see you, Pat?" said Ham. "Why, man, you've a short memory. Don't you mind the time I was here two years ago, and we went fishing up above Haas' place? You went along to show me the road, and we stopped at the brewery and played seven-up."

"Och, sure, an' I moind that same, now! By the wild horse of Tartary, yes have the devil's own mimery! And look, ye, do yes moind the pretty little joke yes put up on me?"

Ham didn't mind anything about that.

"If yes don't, I do, thin," went on Pat. "Yes was ginerous-hearted from the top of yure head to the sole of yure fut, an' set 'em up to the b'ys till ivery man of thim had his fill. But, begorra, afore I nor anywan ilst knew yure game, yer struck out to make the train, an', so help me Moses, it was Patrick McShindy who was stuck for a dollar and forty-five cints, and me a dacent citizen! O, yis, I moind it well, Mr. Foresman, and don't be after givin' us any more of yer blarney!"

Ham saw that his Irish friend had him, that he knew his pedigree, and moved off to find some one else to bulldoze; but before he succeeded in this the Court House bell rang, and Ham, after one more desperate attempt to palm himself off on the bartender as a third cousin, was forced to reach into his pocket and haul forth the necessary amount of collateral for one "sherry."

—Seated in one of the handsome and comfortable conveyances of Garman's livery, with "Al." to hold the ribbons and guide the frisky steeds; "Ed." as president of the expedition, and George S. Walker as musical director, we enjoyed a most delightful trip to Nittany Summit the other afternoon. It was rather warm and close during the afternson, but coming down the mountain at the close of day, after the sun had sunk behind the hills in fiery splendor, and the shades of night were softly falling and darkly shrouding distant objects from view with now and then a sentimental outburst from the poetical "director"—all this was grand in the extreme, and set us all to thinking—thinking what our chances were of getting any "grub" when we should arrive in town and seek our respective abodes.

—We notice an interesting communication in the last issue of the Clinton *Democrat* from Rev. R. Crittenden, of this place, concerning the progress of the Sunday-school recently established by that gentleman among the Seneca Indians, in the "Cornplanter Reservation," which lies between Warren and McKean counties. He reports that the school is in successful operation.

—The *Watchman* says a disgraceful fight occured a few nights ago, between two caol burners, in the vicinity of Julian. They selected the new county bridge, near Unionville as the battle-ground, and pummeled each other for about an hour, until both were used up. This is a bad state of affairs for Julian. Better send a missionary up among the coal pits.

—Mr. John Ardell, of this place, has lately closed a contract with Messrs. Hopkins & Irwin to put in 16,000,000 feet of logs for them at Cherry Tree, Clearfield county, says the Philipsburg *Journal*. The timber is in Indiana county, and goes down the Cush Cushin creek, thence by way of the Susquehanna into the booms at Lock Haven and Williamsport.

—The editor of the Clarion *Republican* will exhibit himself at the Brookville fair—or, rather, a twenty-five pound cabbage head will be exhibited. That's it! Confound it! we might have made a pretty muss of it!

—Penn Bigony, of the Bush House had to do some of the liveliest jumping around last week he ever did in his life in looking after the wants of his guests. He was equal to the emergency, though.

—Merchants and others in Bellefonte and vicinity should keep their eyes open for bogus trade dollars. Quite a number of them have made their appearance in Downingtown and Coatesville.

—Friday, September 5th, is the last day for registration. Republican voters, don't forget this, and see that your names are on the list.

—The Columbia *Courant* has taken a new departure in the dunning business.

—We noticed ex-Sheriff Munson, of Philipsburg, on our streets last week.

The Printers' Excursion.

The printers' picnic at Cresson comes off next Saturday, and from reports all along the line there will be a grand turnout. All those who think of attending should make up their minds from the first to have a good time, and then carry out their intentions to the letter. The journey to and from Cresson will, in itself, be an enjoyable trip, and then upon arrival at the grounds various kinds of amusements can be indulged in, which have been provided by the committee. An orchestra will be in attendance, and the spacious dining hall of the Mountain House having been tendered to the excursionists, all who desire can "trip the light fantastic toe." The lawns afford ample space for croquet, and a bowling saloon and billiard room will open for the use of visitors. The grove surrounding the hotel is said to be delightful, with its miles of winding, shady walks, skirted with the most beautiful of shrubbery. Arrangements have also been made for an excursion to Ebensburg during the afternoon over the Ebensburg and Cresson railroad, which will afford the passengers an opportunity of viewing some very fine scenery. With so much to admire, and so many pleasant ways of occupying the time, it will be a little strange if any one returns not satisfied with the day's excursion.

—Bauland, the popular proprietor of the Beehive, is in the city purchasing his fall stock of dry goods. It is his intention to lay before the people of Bellefonte and vicinity the largest and most complete assortment of dry goods ever before brought into Centre county. His stock will comprise all the latest and most fashionable fall styles, and will be sold at astonishingly low figures. Look out for bargains on his return.

—Good, healthy accidents are getting awful scarce again about here. Now if some fellow would step out into the street to shoot a dog and kill a horse, or send a stray shot across the street and hit a lawyer, or better still, shoot himself in the stomach, it would make something interesting to write about. People like to get hold of such news as this.

—Christ Couch, who resides out the Stone Creek road, brought a common pole bean into our office which measured 20¾ inches.—*Huntingdon Monitor*. We don't like to cast reflections, but those figures will have to be altered. The *Monitor* man either made a mistake and measured the pole, or didn't know the difference between a bean and a cucumber.

—Col. William B. Mann, of Philadelphia, one of the ablest of Pennsylvania lawyers, who was engaged in the Herdic trial, frequently brought down the house by his droll questionings and sharp repartee. He watches vigilantly for a weak spot all the time he is arguing, and drains a witness dry before he says "enough."

—The Clearfield *Republican* thinks Curwensville capitalists will get hold of our big spring if we are not careful. O, no, not the slightest danger of that. Capital can never touch that spring, and that's where we've got the "dead wood" on Curwensville.

—You should have seen the people who were attending court last week flock to Sechler's for groceries to take home with them. You see when they get the chance to buy genuine goods they avail themselves of it.

—The Clinton *Republican* says, "Another heated wave has struck us." Considering that the editor of the *Republican* is of goodly proportion, it must have made things sizzle.

—The large delegation of Williamsporters in town last week as witnesses in the Herdic trial, numbering thirty-four persons, all stopped at that popular resort, the Bush House.

—Mr. William Mills, the colored barber of this place, was a member of the grand jury last week. He is the first colored man who ever served on a grand jury in the county.

—During the trial of Peter Herdic last week the Court House was crowded with people who were anxious to see Williamsport's lumber king on the witness stand.

—Dr. George M. Harris, of this place, surgeon of the Fifth regiment, examined Co. D, Altoona's new military company, on Friday of last week, at Altoona.

—Six hundred and seventy-two applications for tickets to the printers' picnic have been made to the committee on transportation.

—We once more call attention to the fact that that dangerous hole in the pavement in front of the Conrad House has not yet been repaired.

—A Milesburg man, we are told, saw a snake ten feet long. Wonder what kind of whiskey they have in Milesburg.

Eighty Feet into a Pit.

The Altoona *Tribune* gives the following particulars of a somewhat remarkable accident which occurred to a Mrs. Haley and her three-year old child, at Allegheny ore bank, about three miles from Altoona, a few days since: "There had been a picnic at a place called Sandy Run, within easy walking distance of Mrs. Haley's residence, and the festivities were kept up until after dark. On her way home Mrs. Haley had to pass an old ore shaft. The night being dark, she walked nearer to it than she supposed. The rain of the afternoon had softened the earth about the mouth of the shaft, and as she innocently trod upon it it gave way beneath her weight and slid into the pit, carrying Mrs. Haley a'ong with it. Just then she realized her peril and screamed. She fell about eighty feet to the bottom. A party of men who were fortunately following not far behind her heard the shout, and on arriving at the spot from appearances about the mouth of the pit correctly surmised that some one had fallen in. Lights were procured and ropes were brought into requisition. A descent was made, and Mrs. Haley was found in a position which indicated that in the fall she had maintained her equilibrium, for she was erect, but was sunk in mud and water to her arm pits. Mrs. Haley, in her terror, had evidently temporarily forgotten her infant, and it had slipped from her embrace, for it was found several feet away from its mother floundering about the bottom of the shaft in the mud. Both mother and child were successfully raised to terra firma and conveyed to their home. When the little one was placed on solid earth it began to vomit and ejected quantities of mud and dirty water. Though the nature and extent of their injuries has not been learned, it is presumed they are not serious, as it was understood by a *Tribune* reporter from his informant that both were living. It was a very fortunate escape for Mrs. Haley and her babe, and the occurrence itself deserves to be mentioned among accidents of the remarkable and curious kind."

—Dr. English, of Pittsburg, while driving from Bellefonte to Centre Hall, on Thursday last, met with an accident which it is fortunate did not result more disastrously. When on top of the mountain, the horse became frightened at something by the roadside and shied to one side, throwing the buggy over an embankment onto the huge rocks and trees which cover the mountain side. The buggy was pretty badly demolished, but the doctor, we are informed, escaped unhurt, with the exception of a few scratches.

—Twenty-five cents toll is charged for a two-horse carriage between Pleasant Gap and the top of the mountain, and yet, with this extortionate charge, three or four gullies, just the thing for snapping buggy springs, are allowed to exist on the road.

—A week ago last Monday night some person broke into Furey & Dawson's bakery, about one o'clock in the morning. They were frightened off before they had time to seize anything.

—Sechler is continually securing new goods, everything in the grocery line, and those who wish to lay in a supply of fresh groceries at low prices, should call at his model store.

—That pile of rocks which has been occupying a prominent position on High street, opposite Bush's Arcade, for several months, has disappeared. Good ridance.

—The *Democrat* says Mr. Taylor, of Pleasant Gap, killed sixteen copperhead snakes one day last week. It must have been a pretty good day for copperheads.

—The new tannery to be erected at Clearfield will give employment to seventy-five men. This is an establishment worth having in a community.

—At the Greenback convention, held in this place last Thursday, John A. Hunter, Esq., of Half Moon, was nominated for Jury Commissioner.

—Remember, Republicans, next Thursday is the last day on which you can get registered. If you are not registered, attend to it at once.

—The editor of the Millheim *Journal* attended the Harvest Home picnic, and is about half mad because nobody invited him to dinner.

—The orchards between here and Centre Hall, some of them at least, are looking finely. Pears and apples are large and abundant.

—Work has commenced on the addition to the new planing mill of John D. Leib & Co.

—Mr. W. S. Cadwallader, of Fleming, gave us a pleasant call on Saturday.

Logan Picnic.

The Logan Fire Company have resolved to try it again, and announce that they will hold a picnic on Friday, September 12th, at Valentines' grove, near the toll gate. Among other amusements, a tub race will take place sometime during the day, three prizes to be awarded the contestants. Parties who feel like contributing baskets of provision can leave them at the hose house, or send word to John Sourbeck, chairman of the committee of arrangements. Hacks will run to and from the ground all day, and as an inducement that everybody may attend, the fare has been reduced to five cents. A good time may be expected. Let everybody turn out.

—It is with great pleasure that we call the attention of the public generally to the fact that Thomas Burnside, agent, has opened a commission house and auction room opposite Valentines' stores, where he will sell goods by sample, which is the same as merchants buy them. He puts you on the ground floor, and gives you all the advantages of the city markets. The latest styles of all kinds of ladies' and gents' dress goods, groceries, fish, etc. If you want a suit of clothes, you can see all the styles and patterns at the lowest city prices. All clothes and fits guaranteed as to sample and price. He represents Jacob Reede & Son, one of the oldest and most reliable clothing houses in the United States. Call and be convinced of the advantages of one and a thousand things this commission house will offer you.

—The Methodist people of Pine Grove Mills will hold a camp-meeting in Meek's Grove, near Pine Grove, commencing September 11th and lasting about one week. Mr. H. Meek, living near the grounds, will be ready to furnish boarding and lodging to any who may desire such accommodations, also stabling and feed for horses. It is expected that there will be a large turnout.

—Owing to the memorial services in honor of Dr. Geo. L. Potter, deceased, to be given under the auspices of the G. A. R. Gregg Post, No. 95, to be held on the evening of the 18th of September, the concert to be given for the benefit of the Centennial Temberance Club, will be postponed until the evening of the 25th.

—The Yazoo county murder, in Mississippi, has opened the eyes of the people, and so have Sechler & Co., by selling groceries so cheap. The people are beginning to realize that it pays to buy genuine goods, and know where they can get them.

—Mrs. George L. Potter sent us a basket of the largest and finest-looking tomatoes we have seen this season. She has some now growing in her garden that weigh a pound and a half a piece.

—We came pretty near having another runaway to chronicle this week. But just as we were reaching for our note-book, some one yelled whoa! which spoiled everything.

—Read the article on the inside of this issue of the REPUBLICAN on "The Increase of Crime." It is an able article and contains food for thought.

—Carlisle is bound to have some kind of a demonstration this year, so it is making preparations for a big firemen's parade for September 16th.

—Smokers, look here. Harry Green can furnish you with just as good a cigar as you ever put in your mouth. Try them, and see.

—Mr Simms, the market man from Pleasant Gap, presented us with an apple the other day that weighed almost a pound.

—The Eclectic Medical Association of Pennsylvania will convene at the Bush House, this place, on Tuesday, October 7th.

—It's about time for the boys and girls to be hunting up their school books and preparing for the next campaign.

—The boiler for the new planing mill of John D. Leib & Co., arrived last week, and is being placed in position.

—The Altoona City Band, a crack organization, has been engaged for the printers' picnic.

—Seven bands are expected to be present at the Veteran Club picnic on Saturday.

—The boys would like to see another circus awful well before school commences.

—The fall term of the public schools commences September 8th, next Monday.

—The premium list of the Centre county fair will be published next week.

—There are a number of men about town with their arms in slings.

—A little child in Bedford county, while watching its mother make preserves, upset a cup of hot jelly on its breast, and was scalded so badly that it died in a few days. If accidents of this sort are liable to occur during the jelly-making process children ought to be put to bed, or somewhere else, during the operation.

—Peter Herdic came out of the battle all right, and no doubt feels happy. And so do the people who come out of Sechler's grocery store with their arms full groceries. They feel happy because they know the have genuine goods and have the worth of their money.

—We came across a recipe the other day which says blue vitrol, if applied externally, will remove warts. That "if" may make trouble, and lest there might be some misunderstanding about this we would state that, if applied internally, it will remove the stomach.

—We are agents for Sawyer's Woolen Mills; and also for Kipper's foreign woolens. The finest fabrics. All wool suits to order, *Twelve and one-half Dollars*.

2tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Four rooms and one dwelling house with eight rooms, on Lamb street, for rent at reasonable rates. Inquire of William Jones, ag't, 1st National Bank. 16 tf

—The Muncy *Luminary* has entered upon its thirty-ninth year. May it continue to prosper for as many years longer.

—Hon. John B. Linn, it is reported, will deliver an address at Muncy at the unveiling of the Brady monument.

—Mr. Alfred Nicholls attended a quarterly conference of the Society of Friends, near Bedford, on Sunday last.

—To-morrow is the last day of registration—hurry up, Republicans, and attend to this matter.

—Altoona wants the telegraphic fire alarm system.

—Chew Jackson's best sweet navy tobacco. vol 11-5-1y

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor!
BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE,
Established 8 years ago at Green Springs Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diuresis, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.
O. J. SHUTTS, } Trustees.
S. H. SMITH, } 11-15-1y

WINE FOR SICKLY PERSONS.—Speer's Port Grape Wine is unexcelled by any other in its mellow juciness, richness of flavor and brilliancy of color. Physicians say it is superior to imported port for invalids, and in summer it is more agreeable and refreshing than claret. Clergymen use it for its purity, as a communion wine. This wine is well known, and highly appreciated by weakly females and aged persons, and for communion. 33-2t

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)
How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells
of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Aleeger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

MARRIED.

WEAVER—McCLOSKEY—On August 18th, '79, by Rev. J. F. Craig, Mr. M. Luther Weaver to Miss Mary A. McCloskey, all of Snow Shoe, Centre Co., Pa.

LUCAS—McCLOSKEY—At Snow Shoe, August 29th, by Rev. H. S. Lundy, Mr. Toner Lucas to Miss Eleanor McCloskey.

GRIFFIN—HOOVER—On June 5th, 1876, by Benjamin Vaughen, J. P., Henry F. Griffin, of Hall Moon, and Martha J. Hoover, of Taylor township.

EWING—EVERLY—On July 31, 1879, by the same, John Ewing and Sarah Everly, both of Taylor township.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Sept. 3, 1879.

QUOTATIONS.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	50
Corn, ear	45
Corn, shelled	45
Oats new	30@35
Cloverseed	$3 75@4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	6
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Bacon	6
Lard per pound	6
Eggs per doz	10
Potatoes per bushel	35
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small Onions per quart	

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3, 1879.

WHEAT.—Demand for milling limited, but rather better for future deliveries. Red, $1.07 Amber, 1.07½.

RYE.—New, 54@56c.; Old Penn'a., 59@60c.

CORN.—The market is firm. Western High Mixed, 47@48c.; Yellow, 48@48½c.

OATS.—Market dull for new; price, 33@34c Goss White, 36@36½c.; Choice White, 37@37½c